# THE CHELSEA HERALD.

# 1. ALLISON, Editor and Proprietor.

We Make the Prices Correspond with the Times.

Clothing.

Men's \$18.00 Suits marked down to \$14.00.

Men's \$15.00 and \$16.00 Suits marked down to \$12.00.

Children's \$7.00 and \$8.00 Suits marked down to \$5.00.

Children's \$5.00 Suits marked down to \$3.50 and \$4.00.

Children's \$4.00 Suits marked down to \$2.75 and \$3.00.

Children's \$3.50 Suits marked down to \$2.50.

Children's \$3.00 Suits marked down to \$2.25.

Children's \$2.50 Suits marked down to \$2.00.

Children's \$2.00 Suits marked down to \$1.50.

Men's \$7.50 and \$8.00 Suits marked down to \$5.00 and \$6.00.

Boots and Shoes.

Boy's Summer Suits marked down from \$1.00 to \$3.00 on every suit.

Men's \$12.00 Suits marked down to \$8.00 and \$9.00.

Men's \$10.00 Suits marked down to \$6.50 and \$7.50.

"Of the People and for the People."

VOLUME 23.

dollars worth you buy.

ALL STRAW

# CHELSEA, MICH., THURSDAY, SEPT. 7, 1893.

# Miss Bridget Greening.

**IO LET UP HERE!** After a brief but painful illness, which she bore with great patience, Miss Bridget Greening departed this life last Monday Mich., was solemnized at St. Mary's church morning.

Her funeral was held from St. Mary's We sell you goods for what you can afford to pay, and guarantee to church Wednesday morning at ten o'clock. sive you during the balance of August from 25 to 50 per cent on every The spacious church was filled with the many friends of the deceased. The altars were heavily draped in black, and the HATS Marked over ONE-HALF OFF. services were of a very impressive nature.

Rev. Father Considine, mastor of the church, officiated, and Rev. Father Buyse discourse.

The remains were placed in the vault temporarily to await final interment at of many beautiful presents. Dexter.

accomplished lady, greatly beloved by accompanied by the best wishes of many those who knew her. Her death is an friends.

especially sad loss to her respected mother, whose comfort and solace she was in her declining years.

Her end was peaceful and happy. She died with the consolations of her holy faith and was fortified by the last tender ministrations of the Catholic church, of All odds and ends in clothing and Furnishing Goods at still a greater which she was a devoted member.

and devoted sister, and her memory is in the Methodist Episcopal church, to which benediction. Her relatives have the pro-

# To the Young Men.

The following from the National Tribune was handed us by a veteran with the All first class goods. Mostly plain toes. Every pair guaranteed. As good stock and as well made as any shoes we have in stock. These are request that we publish it, which we simply lines that we have concluded to stop buying. The sizes and widths gladly do:

are broken, but try your luck. If you can get fitted you can certainly "I wish to say a word to the young man who, as the G. A. R. marched by with gray-haired, scar-marked, fast-thinning Center, and conducted by Rey. L. N. ranks, was heard to remark, "Why make Moon. such a fuss over these old fellows, who were paid for their services?" Oh, how my blood boiled! Great heavens, young blockhead, is there still a soft spot in your cranium, or where have you been for the last 20 years? Yes, and where would you have been but for these mentioned: Free Will Baptists meeting, same "old fellows"? How under the shining canopy could you pay them for what they have done, and borne, and suffered? Leaving home, family, friends and good positions, to sleep on the bare ground, with the sky for a roof Michigan Engineers and Mechanics. marching till feet were raw and bleeding, and still march on. Digging deep trenches and heaping high 1-7. embankments like so many day laborers; punished like dogs for the slightest infraction of military rule; starved in rebel cover their bones. Hnnted like escaped slaves with fierce bloodhounds and more fiendish men. And, be sold tickets at one half the adult rate. forsooth, what was their pay, oh, wise young man? Well, with gold at its The Lake Route to the World's Fair premium, they received the magnificient remuneration of thirteen forty-cent dollars C. H. KEMPF. a month, three or four hardtack a day, and a little black, smoky coffee, half-made over a flickering out-door blaze. Hold off! downy-beaked, callow harpy. whose father coined money by fat war contracts. Will you dare sit in judgement COMMERCIAL AND SAVINGS. on the men who suffered hades that you might enjoy heaven? "Old fellows." Transacts a General Banking Business, Sell Exchange, Makes Colindeed! Yes, aged by days of marching, ections on all accessible points on most favorable terms, and accords to followed by nights of vigil, that you might have a home, a country, and a banner whose folds are a million times broader than your father's little soul and yours. "Paid for their services"? Young man. not all the yellow gold in your father's coffers could pay for one drop of the rich daylight ride across Lake Erie. Daily blood these veterans shed. Tell me not that they have been paid till the open gates of Heaven welcome the heroes of our great rebellion, and we who enjoy the liberty for which they bled, ury of the appointments makes traveling softly repeat: "Soldier rest, thy warfare o'er, Sleep the sleep that knows no breaking: Dream of battlefields no more, Days of danger, nights of waking."

The wedding of Mr. Alfred Lammers and Miss Ora Marsh, both of Grass Lake, Tuesday morning, Sept. 5, 1893, the pastor

Lammers-Marsh.

Rev. W. P. Considine officiating. The happy couple were attended by Mr. Henry Lammers, brother of the groom, and Miss Mary Marrimane, of Grass Lake. The church was beautifully decorated and was filled with the many friends of the contracting parties.

Mr. and Mrs. Lammers repaired to the preached a most touching and beautiful residence of the groom's father, where an elegant dinner was served, and congratulations offered. They were the recipients

Mr. and Mr. Lammers will go to house Drugs, Jewelry, Paints Miss Greening was a most estimable and keeping at once in Grass Lake,

# Mrs Laura Loomis.

Mrs. Laura Loomis, widow of Mr. Silas Loomis, was born at Block River, Jefferson county, N. Y., near Sackett's Harbor, May 18, 1807, and died Aug. 30, 1893.

Her maiden name was Perry. At the age of nineteen years she was in matrimony Miss Greening was a dutiful daughter, to her late husband, and soon after joined she was attached to the end. With her About 300 pair Men's, Women's, Misses' and Boy's Shoes left of the found sympathy of the entire community. husband and family she came to Michigan

and settled in Sylvan Center in 1844. Of her children, Mrs. Cross, Mrs. Parker and Mrs. McNally, of Sylvan Center, and Mr. Delos Loomis, of Henrietta, remain. Thus one by one the pioneers fall. Let

The funeral service was held at Sylvan



Single Copies 5 Cents.

NUMBER 2.

The Best Bargains

in

# Groceries,

and Oils, Wall Paper, Etc.,

at the

# BANK DRUG STORE

Of any place in this vicinity.

What do we mean by **Bargains?** 

us who enjoy the land they helped to prepare, hold sacred their memory.

# We uy of

# we

# ot that we are closing out at about **One Half Price.**

secure a great bargain.

eduction from regular prices.

at 61c at 73c at 88c at 25c at 78c at 86 \$1.75 \$1.85 \$2.10 \$2.35\$1.75 \$1.37 t 50c **it 50e** it 15c t 25c it 75c ), was pieces ames 90c. 19.5016.50 14.50 32.00

Men's \$5.00 Shoes marked down to \$2.50. Men's \$3.50 Shoes marked down to \$2.00. Women's \$3.50 and \$4.00 Shoes marked down to \$2.00. Women's \$3.00 Shoes marked down to \$1.50. Women's \$2.50 Shoes marked down to \$1.25 and \$1.50. Boy's \$2.50 Shoes marked down to \$1.25. Misses' Fine \$3.00 Shoes marked down to \$1.50.

Butter and Eggs taken the same as cash, at the highest market price.

W. P. SCHENK & CO.

# O, Woman,

You have two chances-yes, three. Three great chances-One great chance you are is this: You can put both of your cold feet right in the small of your husband's back, and by holding them there, make him agree to anything. Another chance you have is, you can buy the Choicest Cuts of Meat and Finest Groceries, at the right prices, quality guaranteed. You want the best, why not apply the feet and get what prisons till their skins refused longer to Vou want.

Apply the Feet for Groceries and Meat, And come straight to M. BOYD'S. Hotel and Restaurant in Connection. Best Meal to be had in town, 25c.

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depositors every accomodation consistent with sound banking.

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Groceries at

Bottom Prices.

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16,50 15.50 20,00 1.50 ic to

ttom

ur



# Metal Paint.

A new kind of paint is announced, which it is claimed, possesses in a peculiar degree the properties of preserving metal from

# Excursions.

Excursion fares have been granted on the certificate plan by the M. C. R. R. to the following points for the occasions Reading, Nov. 7-10; State Convention of Baptists, Muskegon, Oct. 18; Grand Chapter Order Eastern Star, Jackson, Oct. 11-12; National Wholesale Druggists Association, Detroit, Oct, 9-12; First Marshall, Oct. 4-5; Woman's Home and Foreign Missionary Societies, Detroit, Oct.

Annual meeting Knights of the Maccabees, Grand Rapids, Sept. 12-15. Rate of one first class limited fare for round trip is authorized for the above occasion from points in Michigan to Grand Rapids and return. Children of proper age may

# via Picturesque Mackinaw.

Avoid the heat and dust by traveling on the Floating Palaces of the Detroit & Cleveland Steam Navigation Company. Two new steel passenger steamers have just been built for this Upper bake route, costing \$300,000 each, and are guaranteed to be the grandest, largest, safest and fastest steamers on the Lakes; speed 20 miles per hour. running time between Cleveland Toledo and Chicago less than 50 hours. Four trips per week between Toledo, Detroit, Alpena, Mackinaw, Petoskey and Chicago. Daily trips between Detroit and Cleveland; during July and August double daily service will be maintained, giving a service between Cleveland and Put-in-Bay. First-class stateroom accommodations and menu, and exceedingly low Round Trip Rates. The palaticl equipments, the luxon these steamers thoroughly enjoyable Send for illustrated pamphlet. Address A. A. Schantz, G. P. A. Detroit & Cleveland Steam Nay. Co., Detroit, Mich.

# Clean Your Own Watch.

"Watch stopped, has it?" asked one traveler of another. "Now, I suppose you at

# **Closer Prices**.

If this is not sufficiently plain, ask our customers. We are celebrated for making prices that discount all competitors.

See price-list on second page.

P. GLAZIER & CO.

# Chelsea, Michigan.

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# THE NEWS. Compiled From Late Dispatches.

CONGRESSIONAL. Extra Session.

THE bill to increase the national bank circula tion was discussed in the senate on the 28th and a bill was reported for the repeal of the federal election law. It was decided by a vote of 32 to 29 that Mr. Mantle, of Montana, and Mr. Allen, of Washington, are not entitled to seats and that a governor of a state has not the right to appoint a senator to fill vacancies.

. In the house the bill in favor of the uncon ditional repeal of the silver purchase clause of the Sherman act was passed by a vote of 240 to 116. The average of sentiment on free silver was shown in the votes on the ratios at 16 and 20 to 1, respectively, in both cases there being a trifle more than 100 majority against silver.

In the senate on the 29th Mr. Voorhees, chairman of the finance committee, reported back the nouse bill repealing part of the Sherman act with an amendment in the nature of a substitute. The difference between the house bill and the Voorhees bill is found in the attachment to the latter of a paragraph declaring that it is the policy of the United States to use both gold and silver as money metals and to preserve parity. No action was taken .... In the house an animated discussion took place over the rules between Speaker Crisp and ex-Speaker Reed. Mr. Springer introduced a bil to provide for the coinage of the seignorage sil ver in the treasury, which was referred.

SENATOR SHERMAN addressed the senate on the 30th in favor of the repeal of the silver law, but said the present financial troubles were not due to silver, and that alterations of the tariff laws would prove disastrous to the country. A bill was introduced providing for the dismissal from the government service of all persons not citizens of the United States .... In the house the urgency deficiency appropriation bill (\$300, 000) was passed. The new code of rules was discussed

SENATOR WOLCOTT (Col.) spoke in the senate on the 31st ult. against the repeal of the silver law. A concurrent resolution was introduced directing the secretary of the treasury to issue certificates not to exceed 20 per cent. of the amount of gold coin and bullion in the treasury .... In the house the new code of rules was further discussed.

SENATOR VOORHEES' request on the 1st for unanimous consent that the senate bill be substituted for the house bill repealing the purchasing clause of the Sherman act was objected to by Mr. Cockrell. Mr. Vance spoke against the repeal of the silver law and in favor of free coinage .... The time in the house was passed in discussing the rules. An amendment was dopted pro

school convention, held in St. Louis. the report of Secretary Porter showed fire. the number of Sunday schools of the United States and British America to be 130,197; teachers and officers, 1,372,-558; scholars, 10,870,104; total, 11,242,662. In a freight train wreck near Brenham, Tex., five tramps and Jack Swanson, the engineer, were killed and Fire-

AT the seventh international Sunday

man Cameron and Brakeman Ford were fatally injured. IT was reported from Washington that there was a deficiency of from \$10,-000,000 to \$11,000,000 in sight already in the treasury, and the revenues were running behind the expenditures to the amount of fully \$300,000 a day.

LEO STAFFORD, while carelessly handling a revolver supposed to be unloaded, shot and killed his bride of six weeks at East Liverpool, O.

COMMISSIONER LOCHBAN of the pension bureau has issued an order that hereafter there shall be no suspensions except in cases where the record shows on its face that the soldier was not entitled to any pension whatever.

By the collapse of a bridge near Chester, Mass., the Chicago limited ex press on the Boston & Albany road bound east was thrown into a ravine and fourteen persons were killed and twenty-eight were injured.

DURING the first four months of the world's fair the total paid admissions numbered 9,990,699. By months the attendance was: May 1,050,037, June 2.675,113, July 2,760,263, August 8,514, 286.

ARTICLES of incorporation for a great north and south railroad were filed at Topeka, Kan. Capital stock, \$18,000,-000.

JUDGE GOGGIN declared the world's fair Sunday opening injunction should stand, overriding Judges Dunne and Brentano and surprising court attendants.

THE Royal Sewing Machine company at Rockford, Ill., made an assignment with liabilities of \$119,000 and assets of \$40,000.

SAMUEL DEETERS, of Waterloo, Ind., temporarily insane, shot and killed Amos Bactel and fatally shot Mrs. Lowe, neighbors, and wounded his mother.

NANCY HANKS trotted a mile at Fleetwood park, NewYork, in 2:06%. Twelve thousand persons witnessed the little

THE business portion of the town of Copperopolis, Cal., was destroyed by THE firm of Wood & Wood, dealers in

stoves and ranges at Baltimore, failed for \$100,000.

### PERSONAL AND POLITICAL MRS. B. D. SHEPHERD, aged 40, known on the stage as Marie Prescott, died in New York from a surgical operation.

THE republicans in state convention at Harrisburg, Pa., nominated D. Newlin Fell, of Philadelphia, for supreme judge, and Col. Samuel Jackson, of Armstrong, for state treasurer.

WILLIAM M. EVARTS, the New York golden wedding anniversary at their summer home near Windsor, Vt.

84th milestone of his life in a very quiet manner at his summer home at Beverly Farms, near Boston.

NEW YORK republicans will hold their state convention at Syracuse October 6. MRS. ELLEN PALMER ALLERTON, the Kansas poet, died at Padonia. She was the authoress of the famous Kansas poem, "The Walls of Corn."

In the Tenth Ohio district H. S. Bundy, of Jackson county, was nominated for congress on the 1,798d ballot. Mr. Bundy has served two terms in congress.

THE president, accompanied by Mrs. Cleveland, returned to Washington in excellent health.

# FOREIGN.

TEN persons died at Lichtenstein, Germany, from eating poisonous fungi which they mistook for mushrooms.

A FEW months ago Edward Vezzy and Violet Buckingham were married at Brantfort, Ont., and now it has been discovered that they were brother and sister. They had been separated since childhood.

THE Gagui Indians were on the warpath in Mexico and the government had been asked for troops to protect the settlers.

ROYALISTS at Honolulu plotted to blow up public buildings, fire the city and restore the queen, but they were foiled.

OVER 60,000 miners in South Wales who struck for higher wages retured to Bas work at the old prices.

WHILE the Dutch steamer Rajah Atjes, trading between the Penang and the east coast of Acheen, was making a trip the Chinese passengers attacked the crew and killed the English captain and mate and twenty other seamen. In Hokchang, China, hundreds of per-Bla sons were dying of starvation and the cholera was raging. EX-PREMIER FLOQUET was stoned by a mob of 6,000 persons on leaving a political meeting in Paris. By a majority of thirty-four the home rule bill passed third reading in the British house of commons. It now goes to the lords.

# SILVER MEN LOSE.

The Wilson Bill Passed by the House of Representatives.

It Provides for Unconditional Repeal of the Purchasing Clause of the Sherman Act and Was Carried by a Vote of 240 to 110.

ALL AMENDMENTS VOTED DOWN. WASHINGTON, Augz 29. The house on Monday voted on the Wilson bill to repeal the purchasing clause of the Sherman law and the various amendments. The result of the voting shows lawyer, and his wife celebrated their a solid majority of 100 in the house against silver, the majorities ranging from 77 against the revival of the OLIVER WENDELL HOLMES passed the | Bland-Allison act up to 129 in favor of unconditional repeal. Following is the vote on the various propositions:

1	•	For.	Againzt.	May. Againt
16 to 1	ratio	123	225	1
	ratio		226	1
18 to 1	ratio	102	239	1
19 to 1	ratio	104	238	1
20 to 1	ratio	121	2:22	1
Bland	-Allison act	136	213	
				1.00

On the Wilson bill to repeal the purchasing clause of the Sherman act, unconditionally, the vote was:

The bill passed by the house provides as follows:

So much of the act approved July 14, 1890, as directs the secretary of the treasury to purchase from time to time silver bullion to the aggregate amount of 4,500,000 ounces, or so much thereof as may be offered in each month at the market price thereof, not exceeding one dollar for 371% grains of pure silver, and to issue in payment for such purchase treasury notes of the United States, be and the same is hereby repealed. But this repeal shall not impair nor in any manner affect the legal tender quality of the standard silver dollars heretofore coined, and the faith and credit of the United States are hereby pledged to maintain the parity of the gold and silver coin of the United States at the present legal ratio or such other ratio as may be established by law.

Following is the vote by which the Wilson bill was passed:

Brya Burn

Wilson bill	was passed: YEAS.	·
Adams, Alderson,	Gear, Geary,	Paschal,
Aldrich, Apsley,	Geissenhaine	Patterson er, (Tenn),
Avery, Babcock,	Gillet (N. Y. Gillette (Mas	ss.) Paynter.
Baker (N. H.)	Goldzier, Gorman.	Pearson, Pendleton
Baldwin, Bond, Bantholdi	Gresham, Grosvenor,	(Tex.), Pendleton
Bartholdi, Bartlett,	Grout, Haines,	(W. Va.), Perkins,
Barwig, Belden,	Hall (Minn.). Hammond,	Phillips, Piggott,
Beltzhoover, Berry,	Hare Harmon,	Post, Powers,
Bingham, Black (Ga.),	Harter, Haugen,	Price, Randall,
Black (Ill.), Blair,	Hayes, Heiner	Ray, Rayner,
Boutelle, Brattan,	Henderson (I Henderson	ll,) Reed, Reiliy,
Brawley, Breckinridge	(Ia.), Hendrix,	Reyburn, Richards,
(Ark.), Breckinridge	Hicks, Hines,	Richardson, (Mich.),
(Ky.), Bretz,	Hitt, Holman	Ritchie, Robinson
Brickner, Brookshire,	Hooker (N. Y	.), Rusk, ), Russell (Conn).
Brosius, Brown,	HOUCK (O.,)	Ryan, ), Schwerhorn,
Bunn, Burrows,	Hulick, Hull,	Scranton, Settle,
Cabaniss.	Hunter.	shaw
Cadmus, Caldwell,	Johnson (Ind. Johnson (N.D Johnson (O.),	.), Sickels,
Campbell, Cannon (Cal.),	Joy.	Somers,
Capehart, Caruth,	Kribbs,	Sperry, Springer,
Catchings, Causey	Lacey, Lapham,	Stephenson, Stephens, C. W. Stone
Chickering.	Lawson, Layton,	C. W. Stone (Pa.), W. A. Stone
Childs, Clancy,	Lefevre, Lester,	(Pa.).
Clancy, Clarke (Ala.), Cobb (Mo.), Cockran,	Lilly, Linton,	Storer, (Ky.),
Cogswell	Leslie, Lockwood,	Strong, Swanson,
Compton, Conn,	Loudenslager Lynch,	Talbot, Tawney,
Cooper (Fla.),	Magner, Mahon.	Taylor (Ind.), Thomas,
Cooper (Ind.), Cornish,	Marshall, Martin.	Tracey, Tucker,
Cousins, Covert,	Marvin, McAleer.	Turner, Turpin,
Crain Cummings;	McCall, McCleary	Tyler,
Curtis (N. Y.) Dalzell,	McCreary, McDannold,	Updegraff, Van Voorhis (N. Y.)
Daniels, Davey.	McDowell, McEttrick,	van voorma(m
Dingley,	McGann, McKaig,	Wadsworth, Walker,
Donovan,	McMillin, McNagny,	Wagner, Warner,
Doolittle, Draper,	Mercer, Meredith,	Washington, Waugh,
Dunn. Dunphy,	Meyer.	Weadock, Wells,
Durborow, Edmunds,	Milliken, Montgomery, Moon,	Weber, Wheeler, (Ill.),
English, Erdman,	Morse,	W IIITA
Everett (Mass.) Fellows,	Mutchler, Northway,	Whiting, Wilson (O.) Wilson (W.Va.)
Fielder	Oates, O'Ferrall,	
Fletcher, Forman,	O'Neill, (Mass. O'Neill, (Pa.),	Wright (Mase)
Funk, Gardner,	Outhwaite Paige,	Wright, (Pa.)-240.
	NAYS.	
Abbot, Aitken,	Enlos, Epes,	McCulloch. McDearmon,
Anen,	Fithian, Funston.	McKeighan, McLaurin,
Bailey,	Fyan, Goodnight.	McRae,
Bankhead.	Grady, Hager,	Meikeljohn, Money,
Bell (Col.), Bell (Tex.).	Hainer, Hall (Mo.),	Morgan, Moses.
Bland,	Harris, Hartman,	Murray, Neill,
Boatner, Boen.	Hatch, Heard	Newlands, Pence,
Bowers (N. C.), Bowers (Cal.),	Henderson (N. C.),	Pickler. Richardson,
Branch,	Hepburn.	Robbins.
Bryan,	Hilborn.	Savers.
Caminetti,	Hooker, Hopkins (Pa.),	Simpson.
Citation (III.),	Hutcheson	Smith, Snodgrass
Cockrell,	(Tex.),	Stallings, Stockdale,
Cooper (Tex.),	Jones, Kem,	Strait, Sweet.
Crawford,	Cilgore, Cyle,	Talbert, Tarsney,
Curtis (Kan.), 1	ane, atimer.	Tate, Taylor (Tenn )
De Armond, I	ivingston,	Wheeler (Ala)
Denson, I	ucas, faddox.	Williams (III.),





ting smoking in the chamber at any time.

### DOMESTIC.

CHEROKEE strip boomers are said to have fast horses in training for the great race for land September 16.

ALMOST the entire business portion of Elgin, Ore., was destroyed by fire.

THE recent storm which raged on the Atlantic seaboard was one of the most terribly destructive, both in severity and extent, that have ever been reported. About 700 persons were supposed to have perished and the property loss was enormous. In Georgia and South Carolina the cotton and tobacco were razed from the soil and in Delaware the peach crop was cut off. Virginia reported the destruction of crops of all kinds. New Jersey lost vast quantities of fruits and corn, and in Connecticut the oyster beds were ruined as well as the fruits.

A DEFICIT of \$109,114 in the cash accounts of C. L. Niehoff & Co. has been discovered. The Chicago bankers have disappeared.

THE trial of William Mawhor, the Bluebeard of Iowa, who, it is alleged, murdered his three wives, began at Avoca.

A RECEIVER was appointed in New York for the Nicaragua Canal Construction company.

FIRE caused a loss of over \$150,000 to occupants of Lindsay Bros.' big block in Milwaukee. The McCormick Harvester company and the Transfer & Storage company were the principal losers.

THE sixteenth annual convention of the American Bar association met in Milwaukee and in his annual address President Tucker said the election laws were inadequate.

THE packing-box factory of George York & Co., the pianoforte factory of Squire & Sons and several other places in London were burned, the total loss being \$400,000.

DR. ANNA B. OTT, who died in a Madison (Wis.) insane asylum, confessed to the theft of \$8,000, for which an express agent suffered a quarter of a century ago.

THE international Sunday-school convention began its session at St. Louis.

THE steamer City of Savannah, of the Ocean Steamship company, was wrecked on Hunting island, off the east coast of South Carolina. No lives were lost.

THE First national bank of Dubuque, Ia., and the First national bank of Grand Junction, Col., resumed business. SEVENTY bodies of victims of the recent storm were taken from the Coosaw river in South Carolina.

THE Old Guard armory, one of the landmarks of New York city, was burned, together with many paintings, relics, battle flags and historic bric-abrac, the loss being \$100,000.

THE property loss by the recent cyclone in Charleston, S. C., was placed at over \$1,000,000.

FURTHER advices say th at since the

mare's feat. EMMA GOLDMAN, the anarchist orator, was arrested in Philadelphia at the instance of the New York authorities for making an incendiary speech.

EXECUTIONS took place as follows: George S. Turner (a wealthy man) at Spartenburg, S. C., for killing Ed Finger; Wade Cannon and George Bowers (colored) at Laurens, S. C., for arson and John Ferguson for wife murder; Oscar Johnson and Henry Ewing at Berkely, S. C., for murdering Henry Weltman; and Ah Lo Doon, a Chinaman, at San Rafael, Cal., for the murder of William Shentor.

THE exchanges at the leading clearing houses in the United States during the week ended on the 1st aggregated \$661,152,209, against \$674,212,389 the previous week. The decrease, compared with the corresponding week in 1892, was 32.5.

JUDGE THOMAS COOLEY, of Michigan, was elected president of the American Bar association at the annual meeting in Milwaukee.

THE Equitable Mortgage company of Missouri, with headquarters in New York, was placed in the hands of receivers with liabilities of \$19,000,000.

THE American national bank of Omaha, Neb., and the American national bank of Nashville, Tenn., have reopened their doors.

THE public debt statement issued on the 1st showed that the debt increased \$10,442,898 during the month of August. The cash in the treasury was \$712,857, 887. The total debt, less the cash balance in the treasury, amounts to \$853,-676,348.

THE Thornton worsted mill in Johnston, R. I., was burned, the loss being \$225,000.

BUSINESS failures to the number of 356 occurred in the United States in the seven days ended on the 1st, against 410 the preceding week and 176 for the corresponding time last year.

THE national bank note circulation | cinnati. throughout the country increased during the month of August \$26,332,054, the circulation now being \$198,881,881.

THE government receipts during August aggregated \$23,890,885, against \$33,479,058 in August a year ago. The expenditures were \$33,305.228, or about \$2,000,000 more than during August a year ago.

A. Z. REINHARDT, sheriff and tax collector of Perry county, Ark., was said to be short nearly \$40,000 in his accounts.

Moses Hughes and his two sons lost their lives in a fire in a mine at Horatio, Pa.

THE Denver savings bank at Denver, Col., failed with liabilities of \$670,000. Depositors would be paid in full.

THE silver bullion on hand at the several mints in the country was said to be 134,625,492 fine ounces, valued at \$122,302,756. S. G. HUMPHREYS, for ten years town-

THE steamer Sarnia, which for twenty-two days had drifted helplessly on the Atlantic, was towed into Queens-Cad town. Can

# LATER.

### A JOINT resolution to amend the constitution relating to the election of senators by the people was introduced in the United States senate on the 2d. The house urgency deficiency bill was passed. A bill appropriating \$500,000 to enable the enforcing of the Geary Chinese exclusion act was discussed. In the house the new rules were further discussed. A joint resolution was introduced for the appointment of a commission to inquire into and report upon

the recent change in the relative value of silver and the effect thereof on finance, trade, commerce, agriculture and labor. Adjourned to the 6th.

Six human skeletons were found imbedded in the sand on President's island near Memphis, Tenn.

DISBANDED troops seized \$180,000 designed to pay the regulars at Nicaragua, killing the escort and fleeing to Honduras.

MISS LEAL, a young Scotch woman, broke the bank at Monte Carlo. She won \$300,000 in one hour.

Two PERSONS were killed, six fatally Fitel hurt and nearly forty injured as the result of an electric car accident at Cin-Funi

FELIX SHERIDAN died at Quincy, Ill., aged 101 years. He was a veteran and pensioner of the war of 1812.

DR. T. THATCHER GRAVES, awaiting trial at Denver, Col., for poisoning Mrs. Josephine Barnaby, of Providence, R. I., in 1891, committed suicide in his cell by taking poison.

THE Kansas corn crop is estimated at 200,000,000 bushels, worth \$60,000,000. This is the greatest since 1889.

BANDITS took possession of the 'Frisco train at Mound Valley, Kan., robbed the passengers and killed Express Mes-Senger Chapman.

Five persons were killed in a general ight at Patos, Mex., growing out of a dispute over a cock fight.

WILLIAM ARKISON (colored), aged 20, who assaulted a little girl, was hanged by a mob at South Fork, Ky.

Two MEN were killed and a dozen hurt by a Burlington train falling through a trestle at Streator, Ill.

ton; .343.

ship treasurer of Mount Victory, O., recent storm in the south 390 dead said to be a defaulter for \$25,000. bodies have been found on the islands IN a fight between deputy marshals about Beaufort and Port Royal, S. C., and remnants of the Starr and Dalton and that the total number of dead gangs near Ingalls, O. T., seven outwould reach 1,000. Over \$2,000,000 laws and three officers were mortally worth of property was wrecked near wounded. the same points. Near Jacksonville, A TOTAL of 806 alarms were responded Fla., fourteen dead bodies were found, to by the Chicago fire department durand the damage to fruit trees and ing August, beating all previews recorange groves was enormous. ords.

It was estimated from later advices Dinsmöre, Maddox, Maguire, Mallory, Marsh, that 1,500 persons lost their lives in the Dockery, Ellis (Ky.), Ellis (Ore.), great storm along the southern coast. THE percentages of the baseball clubs [Yeas-Democrats, 137; republicans, 103, Nays-Democrats, 75; republicans, 24; popuin the National league for the week lists, 11.] ended on the 2d were as follows: Released on \$150.000 Ball. FRESNO, Cal., Aug. 29.-R. S. Heath, charged with murdering McWhirter, on whose first trial the jury disagreed, Boston, .701; Pittsburgh, .593; Philadelphia, .589; Cleveland; .548; New York, .538; Brooklyn, .509; Cincinnati, .481; Baltimore, .463; St. Louis, .489; was released shortly after midnight on Chicago, .407; Louisville, .892; Washingbail of \$159,000. He left for San Fran-

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# THE SILVER DEBATE.

### Synopsis of the Discussion in the United States Senate.

On the 29th Mr. Gordon (dem., Ga.) spoke in favor of the unconditional repeal of the purchasing clause of the Sherman act. He said the people looked to the democrats to see what they were going to do. There was no escape for the party. It had either to redeem or to repudiate its pledges. The pledge as to tariff reform would doubtless be fuffilled in time; not so as to hamper or cripple the industries of the country; not so as to place obstructions in the pathway either of infant or of aged industries: but by a better disposition, a wiser adjustment, possibly by free raw material, to help manufactures, to lift the burdens of labor, to protect the common people, and thus to benefit all. For the sake of the great party to which he belonged he sincerely trusted that as much might be truthfully said of the pledge of financial reform; and he believed that as much might be said. The party had promised to repeal the Sherman law. Why, he asked, halt between two opinions? Why hesitate between conditional and unconditional repeal? As a true friend of bimetallism, firmly convinced of its vitalizing influence on the languishing industries of the whole country, he appealed for the unconditional repeal of the Sherman law. An insistence by the senate on the substitute reported from the committee on finance would involve indefinite postponement, and for that reason he could not support the substitute. He advocated the repeal of the ten per cent tax on state banks.

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Mr. Teller (rep., Col.) argued that the Sherman law was not responsible for the financial troubles of the country. He said that, almost without exception, everyone who had addressed the senate had spoken of it as if there was some great calamity impending over the people of the United States. He wanted to enter his protest against "the calamity howlers of the. senate." He challenged any senator to tell the senate and to tell the American people that he believed that the people had brought about the pants because they were straid of their money. There had been taken from the banks of the United States since early last spring at least \$150,000,000 by men who were dissatisfied with the present condition of things. They had taken out their money and had put it away, but they had not demanded They took whatever currency they could gold. get. He challenged the banks to show that any bank depositor had demanded to be paid in any particular kind of money. Those prognostications of coming evil, Mr. Teller said, had emanated from the New York banks and newspapers. Mr. Teller had not concluded his remarks when the senate adjourned.

On the 30th Mr. Sherman (rep., O.) spoke on the bill to repeal the silver purchasing clauses of the Sherman act.

He said that if the repeal of the purchasing clauses of the act of July, 1890, were the only reason for the extraordinary session, it would seem to him insufficient. It was, however, justified by the existing financial stringency. On one thing congress and the people agreed, and that was that both gold and silver should be continued in use as money. Monometallism pure and simple had never gained a foothold in the United States. If genators wanted cheap money and an advance in prices free coinage of silver was the way to do it; but they should not call it bimetallism. Senator Sherman then proceeded to discuss the history of the act that bears his name. He was not in favor of the free coinage of silver, and regarded it as but another name for the monometalism of silver, and was only in favor of the purchase of silver for purposes of coining. The conferrees of the two houses agreed upon their differences. and in that agreement secured the repeal of the Bland-Allison act. Senator Sherman reminded senators that when they criticised the law that was misnamed after him, they should remember that this law now on the statute books was far better than either the house bill or that passed by the senate. The decline in the volume of silver was due, Senator Sherman said, to the fact that we were called upon to pay our debts - debts payable in gold. England was the great creditor country and we should neither be ashamed of nor hate her: we are her children and partake much of the characteristics of the parent stock. England's losses in the Argentine Republic had to be made good and she returned our securities and demanded the gold needed to save her own institutions from going down. For the first time also in a number of years the balance of trade was against us and we had to make the difference good. Hitherto the balance had been in favor of the United States to the amount of \$50,000,000, \$100,000,000 and sometimes \$200,000,000. The last fiscal year the balance of trade was against the United States to the amount of \$18,735,000. Whether it would be so next year no one could tell. He believed that with the crops now ripening the balance of trade would probably be in favor of the United States this year, and he believed that the forced economy which always followed a panic would be, of itself, a protection against unusual and unnecessary imports. So he hoped that next year there would be no difficulty in the matter of balance of trade. With regard to the Sherman law, Senator Sherman said he believed in "giving the devil his due" and was ready to stand by the law, not as a measure in which he took any special pride. for he was compelled to yield in order to prevent disastrous legislation. But without this law what would the country have done in 1891 and 1892 had it been called upon then to meet the difficulties now staggering us? He was not a new convert to the repeal of the law, and a year ago he had introduced bill to suspend the operaof the law. It was worded Why did not the democratic senators then see This was a currency famine. not the fear that the money of the country was not good, and not believe the repeal of the law prevent the ills growing out of the free coinage of silver. "The president, in the midst of the panic, appeals to us to repeal this law, and he will not make this appeal to me in vain. I have no sympathy with him in politics, but believe that in this matter he is to his call. I will cooperate in any measure that will tend to maintain the harmoni-I hope that the next measure of relief which

years ago he had enectually cleared himself from any participation in that matter.

"Hereafter," said Senator Sherman, "when any man makes such a statement about this legislation I shall simply say that it is a falsehood and brand it so. There was nothing surreptitious about it," said Senator Sherman, with much warmth, "and no fact can be proven more clearly. The statement so often made to the contrary is a falsehood and a lie; I care not by whom made."

"It is strange," said Senator Sherman, "that on the vote on this bill that the distinguished senator from Nevada (Senator Stewart) voted for it and I, 'the devil fish,' voted against it." The last remark was in reference to an epithet applied to Senator Sherman during the debate in the house last week. Senator Stewart retorted that in due time he would explain how he came to vote for the bill Senator Sherman quoted from speeches made by Senator Stewart in the senate in 1873 and 1874 these words:

"I want the standard gold, and no paper money that is not redeemable in gold. By this process we shall come to a specie basis and when the laborer shall receive his dollar it will have the same purchasing power of a dollar. Gold is the universal standard of the world. Everybody knows that."

Senator Sherman came back to the main subject of his speech and said:

"I do not think that the stoppage of silver coinage was the end of silver. We have proven that the mere purchase of silver by us on a declining market is an improvident use of the public money and ought to be abandoned, or at least suspended, until a time may come when by an international agreement or by some provision of law we may guard against the possibility of coming to a single standard of silver. This is not a question of mere interest to Nevada or Colorado. It is not a question of what Wall street will do. Wall street will always be doing some devilment or other, it makes no difference who is up or down. I take that as a matter of course. The question is what should be done for the people of the United States in all its length and breadth, and therefore if congress will say that in its opinion it is not wise now to continue the purchase of silver bullion there will be no injustice done to Colorado or Nevada."

Recurring to the suggestion of authorizing the issue of bonds Senator Sherman said:

"I am willing to trust your executive officers. If you are not, it is a strange attitude in political affairs. I would give them power to protect the credit of the government against all enemies at home and abroad. If the fight must be for the possession of gold, I would use our cotton and our corn and our wheat, and I would protect our credit against all mankind. As to silver, I would say that we prefer to wait awhile until the skies are clear, until we see the effects of the suspension of silver coinage in India and see what arrangements can be made for another international monetary conference. In the meantime let the United States stand on its strength and credit. I think that soon all these clouds will be dissipated and that we may go home to our friends with the conviction that we have done a good work for our country at large." Mr. Teller (rep., Col.) concluded his speech on the national bank circulation bfil. He assumed from newspaper articles which he quoted that a scheme had been organized early in the season in New York for the purpose of creating a financial panic that would compel at an extra session the repeal of the purchasing clause of the Sherman act. He would not have anyone infer that the bankers had intended to create the condition of affairs that now existed, but he did believe that they had intended to create distrust that would compel the president to call congress in extraordinary session and thus secure action, first, on he repeal of the purchasing clause, and, second, on the question of issuing a large amount of government bonds. But the panic had got away from them. They had rather overdone the business, had frightened the people more than they had intended to. Now they had nobody but themselves to blame and they should not complain. He attacked the national banks, declaring that, as banks of issue, they had been as great failures as they had shown themselves to be as banks of deposit and banks of exchange. It the prerogative of the United was States to issue its own currency and this was a good time to reform its banking system. He would not, by his vote, put any more power into the hands of the banks of the country. He would not enable them any longer to paralyze the business of the country as they were doing to-day. If he had a fair opportunity to wipe them out he would wipe them out as quickly as he could. He was opposed to the present system. He desired to withdraw from the banks the privileges they now possessed. On the 31st ult. Mr. Wolcott (rep., Col.) spoke against the repeal of the purchasing clause of the Sherman act. He said there was no criticism to be made respecting the policy of the administration. Criticism of the secretary of the treasury was also misplaced because he was a member of the president's household and committed to his policy. Nor was the president open to stricture because of his message, for he had always been a consistent opponent of silver coinage. The west knew last year that whoever was elected its reliance must be placed in congress, which had more than once risen above the personal wishes of the executive. He sarcastically referred to the great number of senators who, professing to be bimetallists, held that an international agreement was necessary, and pointed out that thereby they accepted the single gold policy of England. Senator Wolcott paid his respects to Senator Voorhees and said that his change of front was remarkable. He attacked the senator's record on silver and national banks. and quoted from the senator's article last year in the North American Review, to show his lack of consistency, and asserted that now for the first time he (Voorhees), supposed to represent the masses, and Sherman, supposed to represent the classes, were in complete accord in financial matters. Free coinage by separate act, he said, was impossible, as the president would undoubtedly veto such a measure. Any man who vouched for Mr. Cleveland as a bimetallist would vouch for the man in the moon. Why not act now on the whole financial question? If this should pass and silver be, as it must, absolutely dethroned and degraded, he knew of no reason/why any senator who believed in free coinage should ever cast another vote in favor of protection in any form. He had demonstrated a few days ago the folly of the statement that the repeal of the Sherman act would restore confidence. This was a bankers' panic, and if you asked a banker to-day how the repeal was to restore confidence he could not tell you. It seemed unaccountable that in panic times banks should not desire an increased volume of the money. Their plan was, however, after repeal to ask for the issue of \$100,000,000 of gold bonds, and they had good reason to believe that a complacent finance committee would authorize

and not local. If he represented any other section, with his knowledge of the possi-bilities of the great west, he would be equally tenacious for the preservation of the white metal as a standard of value. No man removed from the money centers and realizing the illimitable resources of this republic and its constantly increasing needs would ever stand for the contraction of a currency already insufficient.

There could be no stronger bulwark of a country's safety than that she produce her own coin for her own people and is not dependent for it on foreign nations. If the mining states alone were to suffer by unconditional repeal they would suffer with out a word in the interest of a mistaken policy for the public good: but there was no section of the country that was not likewise being devoted to disaster and impoverishment.

If the contest for the people was to be won it must be because against the selfish demands of the east was arrayed the united votes of the south and the west. They were standing together on this great question to save the common country from greater suffering and impoverishment than even the horrors of war could inflict, and by their united votes to maintain not alone the standard of both gold and silver, contemplated by the constitution and consecrated by centuries of usage, but to maintain as well a standard of American independence and American manhood.

Mr. Caffery (dem., La.) delivered his maiden speech and advocated the unconditional repeal of the purchasing clauses of the Sherman act, He warned the senator from Colorado (Mr. Wol. cott) that if he expected to smile away the serious money troubles of the country as Cervantes had laughed away chivairy and romance from Spain he was doomed to signal failure. The whole country, Mr. Caffery said, was face to face with a financial situation unprecedented in any age or in any country. With \$63,000,000,000 of wealth; with factory and farm overflowing the country with fabric and food; with banks entirely solvent and firms entirely prosperous; with a people blessed by Providence beyond the measure of blessings bestowed on other lands and other people, they were suddenly arrested in the pursuit of wealth and paralyzed in the midst of activity. Deposits were drawn from the banks; investors abstained from new enterprises and discontinued old ones; banks were closed with safes full of assets and business men suspended with stores full of goods. The time for the moving of crops was near at hand and the farmer found a congested money market. The laborer was paid with promises to pay, and the employer with a sufficient bank account could not pay his baker or his butcher. Men were thrown out of employment by thousands, and already was heard in the distance the tramp of the army of unemployed turning toward the capital, animated by a vague hope of relief. Cotton would be sold abroad for gold prices and paid for in exchange calculated in silver, with the large discount for fluctuation. The United States would sell in a gold market and buy in a silver market. Beside, the embarrassments and difficulties of domestic exchange would be intolerable. On the 1st Mr. Vance (dem., N. C.) spoke against the repeal bill. He said the effect upon the condition of mankind which would follow the destruction of half the currency of the world-amounting in the aggregate to \$7,500,-000,000-it would be impossible accurately to describe. Still this process of destruction has been going on quietly since 1873, and its result is seen in prices lower in many things than has ever been known in the memory of man. The repeal of the law without any substitute meant the end of silver money for this generation, unless a revolution of the people should restore it, as it did during the fraudulent demonetization of 1873. Let no man doubt that this movement for the repeal of the Sherman act was the result of a conspiracy among the money-holders of the world. Our own secretary of the treasury has said so. It had been repeatedly announced in the British house of commons and nowhere denied that the intent of this combination was to increase the value of gold in the hands of those who held it, and increase the value of all securities by making them payable in gold. The method of the attack was by the creation of a panic. Some foreigners believed the cry that we intended to go to a silver basis and sent back some of our securities, and the clamor that began in a false pretense ended in a howl of real terror. Never was there a more senseless clamor or more criminal disturbance of public confidence. If the Sherman law sent out gold it surely brought it back. If not what made it return? The fact that in the midst of this clamor our resources are so great as to be able to check the outflow of gold and to turn the tide in our direction ought to restore confidence to every man whose confidence is worth securing. When the democratic platform denounced the Sherman act as a "cowardly makeshift" did it mean a makeshift for free coinage of silver or the use of gold-a makeshift for bimetallism or monometallism? If the framers of that plank meant that it was a cowardly makeshift for the free coinage of silver, was not this bill for its re peal, without a line in its place, a greater cow ard and a worse makeshift? If it was meant that it was a cowardly makeshift for gold monometallism, was not the language of the platform it self both a cowardly and a lying makeshift for the truth, Finally, if the language of the plat form taken altogether meant only that we were to oblige the bankers, bondhoiders and stockbrokers, first, by unconditional repeal, accompanied only by a short stump speech in the bolly of the act, saying that it is our policy at some future time-the Lord knows when-to do something further-the Lord knows what-in the direction of carrying out the other promises of the

# APPALLING.

The Recent Disaster Along, the Southern Coast the Worst Ever Known - The Death List Daily Swelling-The Latest Accounting Shows Over 700 Victims-Some Think the Total Will Reach 15,000 -Great Suffering Among Survivers.

COLUMBIA, S. C., Sept. 4 .- It is fast developing that the loss of life and destruction of all kinds of property on the sea islands that skirt the southeastern coast of South Carolina by the recent hurricane have never been paralleled in this country.

Estimates of the dead here range all the way from 400 to 1,500, but in no instance has anyone said that less than 400 lives have been lost. The averages have been between 600 and 800, and from all that can be learned that seems to be about the correct estimate.

the number drowned on the several islands:

Warsaw, 47: Coffin point, 80; Dawthad. 37: Coosaw island, 25; Pacific works (Chisholm's island), 26: Hunting island, about 25; St. Heiena island. 200: Savannah river plantations, 150; Beaufort, 2; Salt water bridge, 4; Otaheta plantation, 6; on tug boats, 6; Grays hill, 3; Perrey Clear's point, 11; Ladies' island, 27; Land's end, 2): Kane's neck, 60; Coosaw mines, 5: Paris island, 24. Total, 758.

It is estimated that 15,000 are in a starving condition. The crops are partially destroyed, the stock is all drowned, and there is actually not enough provisions in the country to keep the people alive.

From Morris island all the way down to the Tybee all are akin in their distress. Morris island, John's island, Edisto, Wardmalaw, James island, Charleston's neighbors, have perhaps fared somewhat better than St. Helena, Coosaw. Dathan, Port Royal, Paris, Dawfuskie, Ladies and the myriad of smaller islands tributuary to Beaufort. Huddled together and within almost a stone's throw of each other are Port Royal, the largest of them all, and Ladies, Dathan, Morgan, Coosaw, Chisholm, St. Helena and Eddings island. It is simost one isle, cut up with navigable lagoons. Skirting the ocean front, looking out to the broad Atlantic, are Hilton Head island, Dawfuskie island and further over to Charleston, Chaplin's island, Prentis island and Reynold's island. Hundreds of smaller islands dot the coast. To-day most of them are in ruins and the majority of the inhabitants are searching in vain for sustenance. From ten to fifteen thousands do marketing in Beaufort. What they will now do is the question. Higher up the coast there are whites on the islands who have something left. Down here nothing is left. Eighty per cent. of the houses has been swept away by the terrific storm. At Ladies' island 700 houses are gone; Eastice place of fifty houses. three are left. Hope plantation, all homes destroyed. That is the register at Indian Hill, out of seventy-five places on Coosaw island but a dozen are left, and so it goes. The population on these islands is alwhites who keep stores or manage ex- the front at an early day is the necestensive farms. The crops consist al- sity for making some provision to put most entirely of sea island cotton, with money into the treasury to meet the a few patches of corn, potatoes and current obligations of the governsmall grain. Nothing is left of the crop ment. There is a deficiency from except on the highlands. over the islands. Even in Beaufort behind the expenditures to the amount county all the wells and cisterns are of fully \$300,000 a day. It is obvious filled with hot water. The people were some method must be devised to check killed by the houses falling on them or meet this alarming deficit. The alterand by drowning. The cabins were natives before congress seem to be limscattered everywhere. In some places ited to three. First, a new issue of govas many as sixteen bodies could be erament bonds; second, an income tax found huddled together on the roads. or some other new impost, or, third, an They have not begun to find even a small increase of rate in one or more of the proportion of the bodies. Some of existing forms of taxation. Rigid them have been swept far up in the economy in appropriation will not sufmarshes, where man cannot go. At fice to meet the difficulty. The fixed Cains neck there are deer, cows, hogs, and unavoidable expenditures of the snakes and all kinds of wild animals government are at the present moment piled up together, making the section so offensive that no one can go there. Many persons are dying from starvation.

# WITH A HIGH HAND.

Judge Goggin, of Chicago, Acts in # Remarkable Manner - His Confreres in the Sunday Closing Case Decide Against Clingman, Bat He Overrules Their Action.

CHICAGO, Sept. 1.-There was an unprecedented and at the same time sensational interruption to the proceedings in the injunction case of Charles W. Clingman against the world's fair directors when Judges Goggin, Dunne and Brentano came into court to announce their decision in the appeal brought by the fair directors to have the injunct.on dissolved. After the three judges had taken their places on the bench, Judge Goggin attempted to enter an order to continue the case for sixty days in an alleged attempt to defeat Coroner Wills has made this list of the decision concurred in by his two associates to dissolve the injunction. Judge Dunne, to whom the reading of the majority opinion had been intrusted, insisted on his right to do so. He read the opinion dissolving the injunction, and Judge Goggin renewed his attempt to grant a continuance.

> Ex-Judge Moran, representing the Exposition company, addressed the court, referring to the attempted continuance as "judicial anarchy." Judges Brentano and Dunne induced Judge Goggin to leave the bench, and then went into conference with the judge in chambers.

After the conference Judges Brentano and Dunne returned to the bench and announced that Judge Goggin no longer desired them in conference with him. Judge Goggin then entered an order overruling the motion to dissolve, and refused ex-Judge Moran's request to set a date for hearing a motion to vacate that order.

The scene in court was exciting in the extreme. Attorneys stood upon chairs and crowded about the bar eager to catch every word of the proceedings which seemed so foreign to a court of record. The legal representatives of the exposition scored Judge Goggin unmercifully for his decision of the case, pronouncing it unauthorized, uncalled for and beyond the power of a judge.

Amid all the confusion, with bailiffs loudly pounding the bench in a vain effort to restore order. Judge Goggin insisted that his minute clerk should enter the order in conformity with his verbal opinion, and this was done. The order denies the motion to dissolve the injunction, and no record was made to correspond with the decision of Judges Dunne and Brentano. Ex-Judge Moran, for the exposition, requested the clerk to enter a motion to vacate the order of the court, and this was done, though no date was fixed for a hearing. The only order now standing in the case permits the gates of the exposition to remain open.

sides other property. from Indiana (Senator Voornees) 000,000. And Senator Cockrell laid stress upon south in the work of evangelization of will provide will be a broad, liberal measure, believed in bimetallism. They were not inflathe fact that the coinage of gold exceeded its authorizing the president or the secretary of tionists: they did not advocate flat money. They the negro. Floods Do Great Damage in Bahar. production by \$577,000,000, while the coinage of the treasury, whichever he prefers, to exercise believed that, as Senator Jones had happily put Statistical Secretary E. Payson Porsilver was 178,000,000 less than production. CALCUTTA, Sept. 4.-Floods are causthe power, if necessary, to sell securities in it, the rude obstacles which nature had interter, of New York, read his report. The order to maintain the parity of all our curposed offer a better safeguard for the people than. ing great damage in the province of totals show a remarkable growth all No Freight Trains Running. rency.' the wisdom or unwisdom of their rulers. They Bahar, in Bengal. Hundreds of square Senator Sherman then began a discussion of the wisdom or unwisdom of the first was of the Various coinage laws of the United States, opposed the single standard because there was along the line. They are as follows: LITCHFIELD, Ill., Sept. 1.-The conmiles, including the towns of Mowith special reference to the act of 1873, which had, he said, been the subject of so much mis-representation Sunday schools in the United States ductors and brakemen of the Jacksonsarphu, Darbhanga and Paddy, are suband British North America, 130,197; ville Southeastern railway, who went representation and falsehood in this debate. He denied Mr. Voorbees' statement that that act (the act of 1879) merged. The rice crops are ruined and teachers and officers, 1,372,558; scholout on a strike Wednesday because they thousands of persons are homeless. urs, 10,870,104; total, 11,641,109. In 1875 there were 69,272 Sunday schools, have not received pay for the last four months, are still off duty. No freight ver had not depreciated, but gold had appreci-Other parts of eastern Bengal are also act (the act of 1873), was a "stealthy demonetisuffering from floods. A famine is 788,805 teachers and 6,062,064 scholars, a The question as to whether silver should zation." Senator Voorhees replied unat he never intrains are running. total of 6,850,869. tended to refer to the senator from Ohio, for four be demonstized by this bill was national feared

Mr. Vance criticised the action of the secrevas to be used in favor of silver when the con-

During his remarks Mr. Vance allowed Mr. going on toward Fresno with the Chithe foreigner migrating to our shores Cockrell (dem., Mo.) to put in a statement (furnese. The officers secured help and and the negro. Of the foreigners renished by the director of the mint) showing the teams and overtook the escaping party aggregate production and coinage of cent events, notably the New Orright, and that it is my duty to respond near Fowler. There are now eleven gold and silver in all the nations of leans riots, were evidence of the need the world from 1873 to 1893, the recapmen under arrest and warrants are out of the spirit of Christ. As the speaker itulation being as follows: Gold, proous use of silver and gold as standards of value for several others. The Chinese claim closed the convention rose in pledge of duction, \$2,210,000,000; coinage, \$2,787,000,000; such a bill. to have lost about \$3,000 in coin, be- the recognition of no north and no ople of the far northwest favored the silver, production; \$2,400,000,000; coinage, \$2,322.resumption of free silver coinage because they

### **CHINESE TROUBLES.**

### Masked Mob at Selma Loot Several Washhouses and Steal \$3,000.

SELMA, Cal., Sept. 4 .- A mob of twenfalling off of customs receipts from implatform, were not its makers and upholders of ty masked men Friday night made a tions ports, the daily revenues of the governthat declaration of policy and purposes open to raid on the Chinese washhouses in the the charge of insincerity and of so framing almost exactly like that of Senator Voorhees. ment are considerably less than the words as to deceive the people whose sufsuburbs. They came from the vineyards compulsory daily expenditures for penthe dangers they now see, and come to the help frages they were seeking? If such an interprenear town and were headed by a sions and the ordinary expenses of govtation of the platform as was contended for of the republicans when they sought to suspend ernment. drunken boodlum named Vincent. the law? Not a democratic vote was had then here by those who will vote for repeal, and pre-All the houses in Chinatown were and democrats must answer why. sumably by the president, had been announced SUNDAY SCHOOLS GROWING. during the campaign of the last year Mr. Clevebroken into, money tills and An Increase of 4,000,000 in Attendance land would not have carried North Carolina by trunks of the Chinese were forced open 50,000 votes, and he believed further that he Since 1875-International Convention. the people should not be deceived as to the and rifled and clothing, cigars and other could not have carried a single electoral vote reasons for repeal. Senator Sherman did ST. LOUIS, Sept. 1.-The first business goods stolen. The mob marched south of the Potomac river. session of the seventh international through the town, taking seven Chiwould in any considerable degree relieve Sunday school convention was held tary of the treasury in redeeming the notes is nese with them toward Fresno, when the country from the existing stag-Thursday morning. President Harris sued in payment for bullion in gold, and said nation. Its repeal would ease the money Constable Spencer ordered them to in the reading of his address reviewed that any technically intelligent man. would market from the dreaded fear of the free coinstop. No heed being paid to his order. construe that law to mean that the discretion briefly the work of Sunday schools age of silver. The law was denounced by the he opened fire with a Winchester. Six democratic party as a miserable makeshift. It in the three years since the last condition of the treasury required it Senator shots were fired, one of them grazing was a makeshift and a good one, intended to vention at Pittsburgh, Pa. He held that Vance concluded his speech with a declaration Vincent's forehead and another going evangelization should be turned tofavoring the free and unlimited coinage of silthrough the hat of one of the gang. ver and explained why he thought this could be ward those elements of our own counaccomplished and maintained. The rioters broke and ran, part of them try not yet fully fitted for citizenship-

### TREASURY NEEDS.

Revenues Are Below the Requirements for Current Obligations.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 1.-A very urmost entirely colored, with a few gent question which may be forced to \$10,000,000 to \$11,000,000 in sight There is danger of a water famine all already, and the revenues are running in excess of its income. Or perhaps a better way to put the case is that owing to the financial stringency and the consequent falling off in receipts from internal revenue, taxes on distilled spirits, tobacco, etc., and owing to the tariff uncertainties and the monetary stringency combined which occasion a

We Shall Continue	Chelses and Vicinity.	Master Archie and Arthur Bacon have entered Detroit College, Detroit, to con-	Economy!
vve onan continue	Oysters are now in order.	tinue their studies.	
No. and the second s	Corn cutting is now in full blast. Bert Young was an Ann Arbor visitor	John Baumgardner, dealer in marble and granite, of Ann Arbor, was in Chelsea	
OUR	Tuesday.	Wednesday on business.	
	Master George Speer was a Dexter visitor last week.	Miss May Judson, of Lansing. spent a few days here with her parents, Mr. and	
SPECIAL SALE	Robt Marhle spent the first of this week in Horton.	1	Economy
DI LUIML DALL	Mr. and Mrs. John Bagge spent Monday	Jackson spent Sunday with Mr and Mrs.	
	in Jackson.	Wm. Lehman, of Congdon street.	Buy your groceries of us and will economize for you. Our
TWO WEEKS LONGER.	- 「「「「「「」」」」「「「「」」」」「「「」」」「「」」」」「「」」」」「「」」」」	West Main street, were the guests of Jackson relatives the first of the week.	price-list settles
So take advantage at once.	Downer & Leach ship a carload of poultry to-day.	Miss Helen Prudden will leave this week	The
	Our schools offer excellent opportunities	for Jackson, where she has accepted a situation as teacher in one of the schools.	Economical
Copper Wash Boilers, \$2.50. Copper Tea-kettles, 99 cents.	for foreign pupils. Miss Mable Gillam visited friends in	Mrs. John Barry, of Jackson, was	Problem
Copper Bottom Wash Boilers, \$1.25.	Lansing this week.	entertained by Mr. and Mrs. D. Maroney, of Railroad street, a few days of last week.	For all those who will take t
Copper Bottom Tea-kettles, 69 cents. Mrs. Potts' Nickel Plated Sad Irons, 99c per set.	Miss Mae Wood spent several days in Jackson last week.	Kempf & Bacon shipped a 'carload of	trouble to look it over.
Steel Spades and Shovels A2 cents	Adam Eppler spent a few days in Jackson	abound from nom nansing the latter part of	All Goods Fresh,
In fact we have bargains in all departments.	Wm. Caspary spent Saturday and	this week. Geo. Wood, who has been in Australia	All Goods Warranted
	Sunday in Ann Arbor. Horse thieves are again at work in the	for the past year has returned home and is spending a few days with his brother,	Best Lemons 25c per dozen.
HOAG & HOLMES.	vicinity of Ann Arbor.	Wm. Wood.	Pint Mason fruit jars with cap at rubbers 750 per dozen.
ÓUR	The drought seems to have done about all the damage possible.	For the past month farmers in this	Quart Mason fruit jars with
	Mr. and Mrs. Jas. Harrington were	yet, not one has ever been recovered or the thief caught.	and rubbers 90c per dozen. Two quart Mason fruit jars wi
New Meat Market	Howard Stannard, of Jackson, called on	-	caps and rubbers \$1.10 per dozen.
then then thanket	Chelsea friends this week. Mrs. D H. Conrad, of Salem, called on	of this village, received third grade certificates at the recent examination of	All patent Medicines ‡ off. Good New Orleans molasses 2
IS A STUNNER	Chelsea friends this week.	teachers held in Ann Arbor.	per gal.
Our great success is due to being able to furnish everything First.	Mrs. C. W. Brown was the guest of Jackson friends last week.	The Lutheran society of this village will celebrate its 25th anniversary next Sunday	3 cans best pumpkin for 25c. 8 lb. Rolled Oats for 25c.
<b>Utiliss</b> , and to fill every order precisely.	I I. Bahaark of Ann Ashan	Sept. 10. Mission services will also be held the same day. A mower of prominent	Rice 5c per lb.
Our Meats are all of the Most Delicious Cuts, and at Popular Prices. All kinds of Sausages a Specialty.	Sunday with H. M. Woods. Mr. and Mrs. M. J. Lehman, of Ann	Ministers.	Good Raisins 8c per lb.
	Arbor spent Sunday in town.	Mr. and Mrs. P. B. Hawley, of Napoleon, Mich., and Mr. and Mrs. Art. Hawley, of	Fine Japan Tea 30c per lb, 2 pkg Yeast Cakes for 5c.
	burt oparks and sister, miss may, were	Denver, Col., were the guests of Mr. and	Gloss Starch 6c per lb.
	Mr. and Mrs. Michael Merkle are spend-	Mrs. B. Hawley at their home on Railroad street this week.	Sugar Syrup 28c per gal. Presto Fine Cut tobacco 28c lb.
New Crockery *	ing the present week in Chicago.	Remember the New England kitchen	Purest spices that can be bough
		scene at the Town Hall next Friday eve- ning. "Pink and White" will be conspic-	Headlight kerosine oil 9c gal.
and Glasswarz	About eighty persons from this vicinity	uous. Mrs. Hubbell and Miss Whitcomb will entertain with solos.	Good Coffee 19c per lb. Raw Linseed Oil 51c per gal.
and Glassware 💥	Oliver Campbell, of Kansas City, Kan.,	St. Mary's church, Pinckney, will hold	Boiled Linseed Oil 54c per gal.



I have just received a new lot of Crockery and Glassware; and have at present a more complete line than ever before, consisting of:

**Dinner Sets Chamber Sets** Water Sets **Berry Sets** Fine China Pieces Lamps Plant Jars, Etc.

Dishes sold by full set or by single piece. Nice perfect Mason Fruit Jars just received.

> Fancy and Staple Groceries, Always on hand.

# GEO. BLAICH.

# MICHIGAN

May be years behind in road Improvements, but

# R. A. Snyder

Is not a day behind with his stock of shoes

# For Spring.

The Ladies are invited to call and see the greatest bargain in a shoe ever offered in Chelsea, for

\$1.50.



# Needs No Words of Praise,

As the reputation it has gained in all soils, under every condition, has last Sunday. made it a World winner. We sell all sizes.

We offer bargains on everything in our store. Grain Drills and Spring Tooth Harrows at Prices to Close Out. Try our Tinware, all Our Own Make.

# W. J. KNAPP.

**PEOPLE TALK** 

They talk about us because we sell Fine Goods Cheap.

WE ACKNOWLEDGE

That we have one of the largest and finest stocks of house on North street.

Oliver Campbell, of Kansas City, Kan., called on relatives here the past week.

Matt. Wurster and wife, of Manchester, called on Chelsea friends last Sunday.

Tommy Speer returned home Tuesday after a few weeks visit at Battle Creek.

Mrs, T. E. Sullivan, of Hillsdale, spen Sunday here with relatives and friends. Mrs. Frank Staffan and Mrs. Henry

Fenn were Jackson visitors last Monday. Mr. C. H. Kempf, of Orchard street, was the guest of Detroit friends Tuesday. Edward Vogel of the H. S. Holmes

Mercantile Co., spent Tuesday in Detroit F. Beeman and wife, of Waterloo, are taking in the sights at Chicago this week.

Jas. Cunningham now occupies the Thomas homestead on South Main street.

The H. S. Holmes Mercantile Co., are having the front of their building repainted. Mr. and Mrs. Edward W. Cowlishaw, of Grand Rapids, called on relatives here this week.

Rev. M. J. Dunbar, of Waterloo, was taken to the asylum at Kalamazoo, last week.

Miss Adah Prudden left the first of the week for Charlotte, where she will teach school.

with a harness snap. It required five Menday. Mrs. Martin was a sister of Thos.

School opened in district No. 7, Sylvan, last Monday, with Mrs. Lucy Stephens as teacher.

F. B. Whitaker and wife, of Mendota, Ill., are the guests of relatives in this vicinity.

consolidated with John O. Thompson at the Jesuit Fathers. the helm.

the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Robt. Marhle Sept. 11th at 7 o'clock. All who wish to

Wednesday.

The Seventh Day Advents of Michigan go into camp at Lansing September 10 for a week.

avert collisions.

Messrs, W. VanRiper, J. Girbach, R. Pierce and C. Monroe celebrated Labor Day in Jackson.

Mr. and Mrs. D. Leach have moved back

St. Mary's church, Pinckney, will hold a grand picnic on Saturday, Sept. 16, near that village. Rev. Father Goldrick, of Northfield will be the principal speaker. A fine program will be given.

Mrs L. Comstock with two daughters, who have been spending the past few weeks here with Mr. and Mrs. G. P. Glazier and other relatives, returned to their home at Albion Tuesday evening.

Rev. Father Buyse, of Jackson; Mr. and Mrs. C. L. Tuomy, Mr. Thomas Kearney, Mr. Philip Duffy, and Miss Margaret Kearney, of Ann Arbor, were guests at St. Mary's Rectory last Wed nesday.

Bicycle riders ars sadly in need of backbone supporters. It is not unusual to see a dozen riders and every one curved in the back or sprawled out like a paralyzed frog. Why should not a bicycle rider sit as gracefully as a horseback rider?

There were eight convicts received at the Jackson prison during August, and 25 were discharged on expiration of sentences; two for new trials and three were transferred to the asylum at Ionia. On September 1 there were 797 convicts in prison.

Died, at the home of her daughter in Reading, Mich., Aug. 1, 1893, Mrs. Francis Frank Fenn cut his left hand quite badly Martin. The funeral took place in Dexter Sears and mother of C. Martin, both of this village, and was about 74 years of age.

One of Chelsea's most respected and talented young men, Mr. James P. Bacon, A. B., left for Cincinnati last Saturday to enter upon his duties as Professor of English Literature and Mathematics at St. The Dexter News and Leader have Francis Xavier's College, conducted by

The C. S. S. C. will meet at the home of Adam Frey and wife, of Norvell, were the Misses VanTyne, on Monday evening,

join the circle are invited to attend. In a the Chelsea Savings Bank building be secured at \$1.80 per year. Subscribers will please hand in their subscriptions at this meeting.

Members of the Congregational Society tendered Mr. and Mrs. H. M. Woods a Farmers coming in from the north say surprise party last Monday evening at their it is so dusty they have to use fog horns to pleasant home on West Middle street. Rev. O. C. Bailey, in behalf of those present presented Mr. and Mrs. Woods with a silver fruit dish. Mr. and Mrs. Woods will remove to Ann Arbor this week,

The following persons left last Tuesday to Chelsea and now occupy the Gorton for the World's Fair: Mrs. R. A. Snyder,

Bolled Linseed Oli 540 per gal. 25 lb sulphur for \$1.00. 23 boxes matches for 25c. Unexcelled Baking Powder 20e lb Pure cider vinegar 18c per gal, Best crackers 4 lb for 25c. Cleaned English currants 10c lb. Tea Dust 121c per lb. 4 boxes 8 oz. tacks for 5c. Saleratus 6c per lb, Herring 20c per box. 6 doz clothespins for 5c.

It is conven I. R., L. S. tailways and each the Fr enter. The l

the finest st ity; Drexel the finest st Chelsea visi nent at the h Chelsea people ready to vouc

Rate \$1.00 p

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RECTIONS F

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Excursion

DIRONDA Wheeler's <u>Heart</u> Nerve

-Positively Cures-

HEART DISEASE, NERVOUS PROSTRATION,

Sleeplessness and all derangements of the Nervous System.

**UNEXCELLED FOR INFANTS** A Blessed Boon for Tired Mothers and Restless Babies.

Furely Vegetable. Guaranteed free from opiates, 100 full sized doses 50c.

Rev. R. N. Middleton, pastor M. E. church, Cedar Springs, Mich., says: Sleep and rest were Strangers to me after preach-Sign painters lettered the plate glass of club of five or more the Chautauquan can soundly and awake refreshed, and I can heartily recommend it. Prepared by WHEELER and FULLER MEDICINE Co., Cedar Springs, Mich.

Sold by R. S Armstrong & Co., Druggists, Chelsea, Mich. MICHI Bakery,

Excelsior Cheisea, Mich. Fresh Bread, Cakes and Pies always on hand. First-class Restaurant in connection WM. CASPARY. 28

cursion 7 all Stat One ] Tı

Will run S

"Th

Good toothpicks 5c per box.





by purchasing W. L. Douglas Shoes. Name and stamped on the bottom, look for it when you buy. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass. Sold by **RIEMENSCHNEIDER & CO.** MICHIGAN



ALEXANDRA HOTEL

4133 Cottage Grove Ave., N. E. Cor. Bowen. This hotel is headquarters for Michigan eople at the World's Fair, being owned by andle & Evans, of the Jackson Gas Co. This is a six-story and basement brick and tone building, having 120 large, airy rooms. Each room has an outside window and perfect on. It is modern in every particular, wood finish, steam heat, electric light,

18 bath rooms,

The furniture is new and of good

AT CASH

1 J 3- VA

Goods

Fall

I am now showing new fall goods in all week. lines. and shall sell them at the lowest charged. All one price and at 10 to 15 per cent lower than ever before.

# DRESS GOODS.

10 pieces Novelty, 35c goods, for 25c per yard 12 pieces fine Serge, 59c goods, for 48c per yard 7 pieces fine Serge, 90c goods,

15 pieces fine Flannels, 50c goods,

# Additional Local

# School opened Monday. The dry weather continues. Chas. VanOrden, Jr., is on the sick list Miss Kate Welsh is visiting friends in Jackson.

Miss Lena Foster is a Jackson visitor this week.

Mr. and Mrs. Geo Irwin spent Monday in Jackson. L H. Wood spent Monday and Tuesday

Jackson.

The Michigan peach crop will be a large one this year. Jas. Ackerson has treated his dray to

coat of red paint.

J. K. Gillam was in Ann Arbor last Friday on business.

W. J. Knapp has a new "ad" in this ssue which you should read.

Miss Kate Caspary, of Ann Arbor, is spending a few days here with her father. Miss Kate Kearney, of Ann Arbor, was

the guest of Miss Agnes McKone this

Stockbridge will open her town hall on Friday evening, Sept. 22, with a grand concert.

Mrs. Jay M. Wood was the guest of her cash prices. No goods sister, Mrs. W. Rademacher, of Detroit, last Monday.

> According to a law passed by the last legislature, every Saturday afternoon is a half holiday.

> Remember and read Geo. H. Kempf's 'ad" in another column. Prices lower than ever before.

After a pleasant vacation in Ann Arbor and vicinity, Master John O'Brien returned home last Monday.

Mrs. John Haag and son, Fred, of Manchester, spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Robt. Marhle.

W. P. Schenk & Co., say: "No let up See "ad" on first page.

An exchange says one-third of the fools of the country think they can beat a lawyer in expounding the law, one-half of them think they can beat a doctor healing the sick, two third of them think they can put a minister in the hole in preaching the gospel, and all of them think they can beat an editor running a newspaper

The latest: An Englishman up in Saginaw keeps a restaurant. He's hard o' hearin'. The other mornin' a Dutchman came in. "Wie gehts,", says he. The G Englishman turns towards the kitchen and hollers: "One order wheat cakes" "Nein" says the Dutchman. "Ye'll be bloody lucky if ye get six," says the Englishman.

It is against the law to tie a calf down when carrying in a wagon. By the time that the calf is toted around town to the slaughter house, it will be in a feverish condition and unfit for food. The law provides that live animals shall be carried in a cage, free to move and not rendered helpless by tying. It is an abuse to dumb animals.

Business men should observe that by a new ruling of the post-office department undelivered letters are now held thirty days instead of ten. as formerly, unless the number of days the letter is to be held is stated on the envelope. As a rule a letter that can't be delivered in three days can't be delivered at all, and envelopes should be printed accordingly.

Eaton Rapids Herald: One of our best read and most progressive farmers said the other day, "If congress will raise the tariff on wool eight cents per pound, I will guarantee that every sheep in Eaton county will be worth \$3 per head, while nowwell, a flock was sold at an auction in a neighboring township, recently, at 75c per head, and they would average up with the majority."

Attorney General Ellis has filed another opinion on the new general tax law. He says that the purchaser of delinquent tax here." Good goods and bottom prices. lands is to have all the title held by the state, and that no further lien shall exist for 730 per yard Business is picking up and resuming all upon the lands except for taxes assessed over the country, and is not waiting for subsequent to 1890. The person purchasing the interest of the state for 50 or 25 per cent of the taxes, as the case may be, shall be entitled to a deed without further charges.

# MICHIGAN CENTRAL

'The Niagara Falls Route." Time table taking effect Aug. 27th 1893.

90th MERIDIAN TIME. Passengers Trains on the Michigan Cenral Railroad will leave Chelsea Station as follows:

GOING WEST.

fail	۸.	M
Frand Rapids Express 6.88		
hicago Night Express		
GOING BAST.		
etruit Night Express '5 44		

troit Night Express..... 5.44 A. N Grand Rapids Express...... 10.22 A. M ‡ Stops on'y to let off passengers. WM. MARTIN, Agent, Chelsea. O. W. RUGGLES, General Passenger

and Ticket Agent. Chicago.



**Operative**, Prosthetic and Ceramic Dentistry in all their branches. Teeth examined and advic given free. Special attention given to children's teeth: Nitrous oxide and Local Anesthetic used in extracting. Permanently

located H. H. AVERY, D. D. S. Office over Kempf Bro's Bank.



Office hours-10 to 12 a. m. and to 4 p. m.

Office in the Sherry building, Chelsea, Mich.

PALMER & TWITCHELL.

PHYSICIANS

AND

SURGEONS.

Office over Kempf's new bank, Chelsea,

gal. er gal.

28c lb.

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U.

the linest street in Chicago. Chelsea visitors will receive courteous treat-ment at the hotel. Mr. A. Steger and other helsea people have stopped there who stand may to vouch for superior accommodation at

Rate \$1.00 per day European plan. 3 restaur-main connection with hotel where meals may what 25 and 50 cents each. RECTIONS FOR REACHING ALEXANDRA HOTEL. From business center take Cottage Grove Wabash Avenue, get

from fair ground take Cottage Grove cable 5th street entrance, get off at Bowen

From M. C. R. B. or I. C. H. R. get off at 39th freet station, walk five blocks to Cottage 4 pieces red wool Flannel, sove and Bowen Avenues.

WHITEHEAD, LORD & CO., ficursion Agents' Managers, Chicago

GEO. E. DAVIS.

Headquarters at HERALDOFFICE,

Michigan Day

at the

:- Auctioneer.

Everybodys -:



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, Drug-THE ICHIGAN CENTRAL ery, "The Niagara Falls Route."

> will run Special Trains and sell Excursion Tickets to Chicago, from all Stations in Michigan, at

for 39c per yard

10 pieces fine Velvets, \$1.39 goods, for 99c per yard

Lisconvenient to Cottage Grove Cable, I. C. R. R., L. S. & M. S. and Michigan Central always and Elevated Railroad, all of which each the Fair Grounds and the business meter. The locality is one of the best in the sty Drexel Boulevard, one-half block east, the finest struct in Chlorom 260 yards cold Silks, 85c goods, for 72c per yard

FLANNELS.

8 pieces fancy Eiderdown, Worth 35c, for 19c per yd

6 pieces fancy wool Eiderdown,

Worth 85c, for 65c per yd

5 pieces plain wool Eiderdown, Worth 60c, for 44c per yd

Worth 33c, for 25c per yd

3 pieces red wool Flannel. Worth 50c, for 39c per yd

# UNDERWEAR.

case ladies' Jersey,

59c goods, at 44c case ladies' wool Jersey,

\$1.25 goods, at 93c 15 doz. Children's Jersey,

# DOMESTICS.

20 pieces Shirting, 121c goods, for 10c per yd 10 pieces cotton flannel,

10 pieces Crash. 11c goods, for 8c per yd 15 pieces Brilliants,

# NOTIONS.

worth \$1.00, at 89c Ball's corsets, Warner's corsets, worth \$1.00, at 89c Favorite waists, worth \$1.00, at 890 worth \$1.00, at 89c Kid gloves, worth 8c, at 5c Pins, WORLD'S FAIR Thread, Coats,

# CURTAINS.

15 pair Turcomans,

Worth \$7.00, for \$4.99 per pair In fact do not buy have seen our prices as we are bound to the straight ticket. be the Cheapest.

he actions of congress.

The Detroit Evening Journal says: There will be no pumpkin show in Washtenaw County this month.

Mama, may we play keeping store in here? "Yes, but you must be very, very advertise.

Adironda is the greatest Nerve remedy on earth; it contains no opiates; 100 full size doses, 50 cents. Sold by R. S. Armstrong & Co.

Miss Matie Conaty is in Owosso this week visiting friends and while there will attend the wedding of Mr. Arther Stotenbur and Miss Josie Prendegast.

ordinance giving S. D. Nesmith a 30 years' franchise to operate a line connecting that city with Ann Arbor, Clinton and Adrian.

The amount of state taxes appointed to Washtenaw county is \$52,980.22, The total amount to be raised in the State is \$1.931.2I4.69, and the rate of taxation is 1.7 mills on the dollar.

At twenty years of age a temperate person is supposed to have a chance of living for forty-four years. Should the same person, still living a temperate life, · 49c goods, at 36c reach the age of 60, the chances are that he will live fourteen years longer.

An Owosso paper unblushingly says that petition will be presented to the common council of that city asking that every man found on the streets with less than a dollar 1210 goods, for 90 per yd in his pocket be declared a common vagrant Such an enactment would "catch" many a Chelsea man.

William Orr, a Jackson well digger. lost his life Saturday afternoon by the 18c goods, for 12tc per yd caving in of a well he was putting down in sandy soil. Six feet of soil had to be removed before his head was reached. The body was found in an upright position He leaves a widow and two children,

> Daniel Rounds, of Carmel, has no use to prove it.-Ex.

At the annual school election held at Ann Arbor Monday, Leonard Gruner, Dr. W. B. Smith and Joseph T. Jacobs, the retir. ing trustees, were re-elected. The ladies Dry Goods until you had made efforts to elect some women on the board and 109 voted, but only 67 voted for their ticket, the rest of the ladies voting

The Detroit and Cleveland Steam Navigation Company's new steamers City quiet." We will, we'll pretend we don't of Alpena and City of Mackinac are now in commission, making four trips per week between Detroit, Mackinac Island, Chicago and way ports. Fare, Cleveland to Mackinac and return, including meals and R. berths, \$20.00; Toledo, \$14.50; Detroit, \$13,50. Low rates to Chicago. Write for illustrated pamphlet. Address A. A Schantz, G. P. A., Detroit, Mich.

September 13 and 14 will be Michigan Saline has passed an electric railway days at the world's fair. The building will be decorated, music will be provided and a reception with dancing will be given. The governor will be president of the day. President Palmer will deliver an address and exgovernors Felch and Blair and others will give short talks. All the exgovernors, congressmen, senators and many other prominent citizens will be vice presidents. The chief celebration will be Sept. 13.

> People who let their fears of banks get the better of their judgement often pay dearly for their temerity by hoarding money at home and thus placing a premium on burglary. Almost every day the telegraph reports chronicle the loss of money in this way, and it would appear as if people deliberately took chances of losing all they possessed. The banks are the best depositories for money, and are safe, sure and reliable. Don't risk your wealth by leaving it about the house for burglars to find, but deposit it in some bank and rest contented with the idea that it is safe .- Livingston Democrat.

The theory of all the vagrant laws in this country is that every man must work and keep at work. It is said that it is hard to enforce such a theory when there is no work for incubators. He put a large quantity to be had. But that is a much rarer of new hay in a mow recently, and the occurrence than people believe. There other day found thirteen chicks that had are very few States in the Union and very been hatched from eggs buried four or few seasons in the year, in which a man worth 5c, at 4c five feet deep in the hay. Dan. says this who really wants work cannot earn wages. is an honest fact and he has the live chickens | There is no season of the year, and no year in the decade, when labor, more or less skilled, cannot find a market. The marketis not always in the same place. Sometimes it may be in the logging camps in Washington; sometimes on the ranches in California: sometimes on the water front in the cities; sometimes on the mines in the sierras; sometimes on the cattle ranges in the territories. In one or more of these a willing laborer can always find employment



Chelsea every Monday and Tuesday to practice dentistry. I am prepared to do all kinds of work in my profession with skill and dispatch. Prices reasonable. Office over Glazier's store.

The Parlor Barber Shop Chelsea, Mich. Good work and close attention to busi-

ness is my motto. With this in view, I hope to secure, at least, part of your patronage.



CHELSEA. MICHIGAN Charlenger + Marthanana BAUMGARDNER'S Marble & Granite Works. American and Imported Granite and Marble. All Kinds of Building Stone. ETERY WORK A SPECIALTY. Estimates Cheerfully Fur-

nished.

All Work Gnaranteed.

An exchange says a farmer down in If he takes to the road it is from choice,



# THECHELSEA HERALD.

CHELSEA,

A. ALLISON, Editor and Proprietor.

: : MICHIGAN.

A NEW loud talking telephone has been invented in England. The receiving instrument is said to speak loud enough to be heard all over the room.

THE great Ferris wheel is proving the big success on the fair grounds. Some \$,000 to 10,000 go around on it every day at 50 cents a head, and the machine itself has been sold for \$100,-000 more than it cost, to go to Coney Island after the fair is over.

ALUMINUM is to be used wherever practicable in the acoutrements, arms and equipments of the German army. By its use the weight carried by infantry soldiers will be a trifle over fifty-seven pounds, where now it is slightly more than sixty-eight pounds,

An interesting exhibit at our national museum shows that the average man who weighs 154 pounds is worth commercially \$18,300. That is, if you were to separate the vegetable and mineral constituents of his body, that sum is what they would bring in the market.

SOUTH CAROLINA is becoming a prosperous state, as is shown by the number of her savings bank depositors-21,397. These depositors have upon deposit the sum of \$3,225,453. The state has the most savings bank depositors of any of the southern states. She also has the most cotton manufactories.

JUDGE JOHN F. PHILLIPS, of the United States court In Kansas City, bears the odd middle name of "Finis." It was bestowed on him by his parents because he was born on the last minute of the last hour of the last day of the last week of the last month of the year. He was the last born of a large family, too.

It is averred that bees can tell the time of day. A St. Louis gentleman made an experiment to test this instinct by placing a lump of sugar out of doors at noon for several successive days to attract the bees from a hive near by.

# MICHIGAN STATE NEWS.

# Union Leader Shot Dead.

Delegate O'Brien, of the Seamen's union in Detroit, was shot and killed while leading an attack on the nonunion crew of the schooner Reuben Doud, lying at a dock in the harbor. The Doud was loaded and ready to sail. When waiting for a tug the party of union men, headed by O'Brien, boarded the vessel and commenced an attack on the crew. The sailors were driven back by the onslaught and sought safety in the forecastle, leaving Capt. William Lennon alone on the deck. The fury of the attacking party was centered on him, and he shot and killed O'Brien.

### A Demented Woman.

A demented woman was found in the woods near Black River by some boys who were hunting for cows, and was taken to Harrisville. It was thought best not to put her in jail from the fact that she appeared to have plenty of money to pay her way. She refused to tell who she was or where she came from. She had in her possession a marriage certificate wherein it appeared that she was married to one Roland B. McDonald December 8, 1880. It was believed that she escaped from some asylum.

### The Scaffold Gave Way.

A scaffold around the new Methodist Episcopal church at Sault Ste. Marie gave way while a large stone was being carried upon it by eight men and Amos Healy, a Finlander, was struck by the falling stone and died in a few minutes. All the others were more or less seriously hurt. The most serious injuries are those of Ernest Webb, two ribs broken; N. Matson, scalp torn nearly off, and M. Meehan, severely bruised.

### Health in Michigan.

During the week ended August 26 reports sent in by seventy-two observers in various portions of the state to the state board of health indicated that typhoid fever increased and influenza decreased in area of prevalence. Typhoid fever was reported at forty-one places, diphtheria at thirty-nine, measles at ten and scarlet fever at thirty-six places.

### To Secure Creditors.

# INTO A GULCH.

A Passenger Train on the Boston & Albany Road Goes Through a Bridge at Chester, Mass .- Fourteen Persons Killed and About Thirty Injured.

SPRINGFIELD, Mass., Sept. 1.-By the collapse of a railroad bridge 11/2 miles east of Chester Thursday afternoon the Chicago limited express on the Boston & Albany road bound east and due here at 12:45 o'clock was thrown into the bed of the stream. The locomotive did not go down but a buffet and two Wagner sleeping cars were cast into the narrow ravine that forms the bed of the Westfield river at this point. Two ordinary passenger coaches remained on the track, one being suspended half way over the bank. Of the 150 passengers on the train thirteen were killed outright, one died of her injuries early in the evening and twenty-eight are injured. The three cars that went down were broken almost into bits. The victims are as follows:

Miss Susie Cotting, Boston, Mass : Miss Emma Do Lorty, Columbus, O.; J. E. De Witt, Portland, Me., president of Union Mutual Life Insurance company: Mrs. C. Bisham, Philadelphia, Pa.: Harry C. Ives, Chicago, Ill., assistant to the first vice president of the Santa road; R. C. Hitchcock, Bellows Falls, Vt.: Thomas K. Kelley, Boston, Mass.; J. H. Murray, Greenbush, N. Y., baggage master: George H. Morse, Boston, Mass., Wagner car conductor; James McMaster, Springfield, Mass., express messenger; T. Everett Sedgwick, Palmer, Mass., express messenger; J. C. Stackpel, Hartford, Conn ; -unknown woman, plainly dressed, apparently 25 years old; Mrs. J. S. Winchell, Oneida, N. Y.

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The train left Chicago at 10:30 o'clock Wednesday morning. It arrived at Albany twenty minutes late. It was the intention to make up the time before the train reached Springfield, so it was running at a high rate of speed after leaving Chester. The bridge was being strengthened for the big locomotives, and the workingmen who were putting on the plates were at dinner when the crash came. Just before the engine reached the bridge Engineer Horton noticed a suspicious jolting which told him that the engine was off the track. He put on full steam hoping to pass the bridge. The engine, indeed, hopped over, but the three cars following went down with the structure. In an instant on the rocky bed of the shallow river was a huge pile of splintered wood filled O. M. Barnes, of Lansing, has with human beings struggling to

# CHICAGO DAY.

How the Garden City Will Celebrate the Anniversary of the Great Fire-Gorgeous Ceremonies Planned for October 9 at Jackson Park.

CHICAGO, Sept. 9.-As a fitting celebration of the anniversary of the great fire the city of Chicago will spread herself at Jackson part October 9. Plans have been formulated and are in process of execution for a grand Columbian carnival which, as will be seen from the elaborate programme published below, will prove to be the most significant and beautiful spectacle ever witnessed in America. Negotiations are under way with all railroads looking to a big reduction in fares and it is confidently expected that those who will visit the world's fair grounds on Chicago day will number from 500,000 to 600,000. The special committee to arrange a fitting programme for the celebration has reported the following, which has been adopted:

Chicago's welcome to the world in music and song from 10 a. m. to noon. A chorus of 2,000 voices and bands and orchestra united to the number of 300 persons, as follows:

1. Fanfare of Universal Peace .- Four to eight trumpeters in appropriate (herald's) uniform, to be stationed on the Columbian arch peristyle, the same on the Administration building, and the same on the Manufacturers and Liberal Arts, and opposite, thus flanking the lagoon. These to play separately a short fanfare of peace, then altogether in unison, so that the entire multitude may hear.

2. Overture, "All Nations," by the combined bands and orchestras. 3. "The Star Spangled Banner," by chorus of

2,000; the refrain sung by the multitude, each person waving a small hand flag in time with the music. (Exhibition of first flag and liberty bell)

4. Music of the southern states, "Dixie "Kentucky Home," etc., Land," "Maryland," united bands.

5. "Columbia, the Gem of the Ocean." Cherus. orchestra and bands

6 "Ode to Peace." Chorus. 7. Grand march. Orchestra and bands.

8. "America" and Doxology by the multitude, with salute of cannon, bands and orchestra at noon.

Reunion of the states at 2 p. m. at the court of honor. This feature is intended to exalt the spirit of national unity, to exhibit to the world a reunited people and emphasiz e the glory and magnitude of our country. March past of states represented by youths and maidens, as follows:

1. Chicago as a guard of honor, represented by youths (one from each ward) bearing shields with coats of arms with the word "Welcome." 2. The original thirteen states, represented by thirteen young ladies, one from each state, in appropriate costumes, preceded by a company of youthful troops in continental uniform. (By Chicago school children or sons and daugh-

# KILLED HIMSELF

Dr. T. Thatcher Graves, Once Ce of Poisoning Mrs. Barnaby, and ing a New Trial, Commits Jail at Denver.

DENVER, Col., Sept. 4.-Dr Thatcher Graves, who was convid poisoning Mrs. Josephine Barnaby had been granted a new trial, mitted suicide in his cell at the o jail Saturday night, presumably by ing poison. He was found dead m. Sunday by the "trusty" who been caring for him. On his was found the following letter:

"DENVER, Col., Aug. 9. 1893 .- To the Co of Denver-Dear Sir: Please do not h autopsy on my remains. The cause of may be rendered as follows: 'Died iron cution. Worn out. Exhausted.' You spectfully, T. THATCHER GRAVES, h.

The corpse was quite cold found. No direct evidence was vis but the above letter tells the s There were also letters to Mrs. Gr wife of the doctor, to Jailer Crews, an address to the public. That the oner had long contemplated taking own life is evident from the date of letter-August 9 last.

Dr. Graves was awaiting his s trial for the alleged murder of Josephine Barnaby, of Providence, at the time of her death was visi friends in Denver. She died April 191 After one of the most famous t in the criminal annals of this con Dr. Graves was convicted of murde the first degree and was sentence be hanged. The supreme court gran

him a new trial, which was to have gun the latter part of this month.

As is evident from the letter dressed to the coroner, Dr. Graves of mitted suicide, but with what drug autopsy alone will tell. It was posed, however, that he took morph

[The crime of which Dr. T. ThatcherG: was accused was a celebrated case. Here intimate friend of Mrs. Josephine Barnah Providence, R. I., and her dinancial advise agent on a salary of \$5,000 annually. She the divorced wife of a wealthy chant of Providence, and possesse fortune of \$100,000 and an annual in of \$12,000. Mrs. Barnaby was a great trai and was accustomed to spend part of the mer at Blue Mountain Lake, N. Y. I at the residence of Edward Bennett I spring of 1891, while at that place, she and Graves had a misunderstanding. They p and Mrs. Barnaby at once started west. E ually she arrived in Denver and visited Mrst rell. Six days be ner arrival in that year a package came to her address contained a bottle of liquor labeled "Fig whisky from your friend in the woods." bottle was laid away in the house contents untouched for a week. Mrs. B by and Mrs. Worrell took a drive 13 on their return both drank and the contents of the bottle. Almost mediately both were seized with great ; They became violently ill, and Mrs Ba died. Mrs. Worrell finally recovered physicians declared the illness of both we was due to arsenical poisoning. Suspicion cast upon the Worrells, but no action taken against them. The writing on the age resembled that of Dr. Graves, and fit he was arrested and then indicted for nur The long fight he made for his life developed past history of Mrs. Barnaby and the see man. His fpiends claimed there was in sence of motive for him. He could have no ject in desiring the woman's death they He received a salary from her and had. admitted, absolute control over her fortune could have converted it to his own use if he desired. His enemies declared he had a reasons for wishing her out of the way.

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He discovered that, they were on hand to a trustee to secure the indebiedness huge stone pier like a great gravepunctually to meet him.

years of age, and received his early hands of a receiver, is the chief creditor education from an English lady. He is named in the mortgage. The bank will a great admirer of England, has sent soon declare a dividend of \$75,000. one or two of his relatives to study there, and only recently deprived the well-known Maria Grey school of its head-mistress, Miss Shakspeare, who is now governess of the royal children of Siam.

cisco, shows that there is no material diminution in the number of Chinamen in consequence of the passage of the Geary act. The outgoing coolies upon the Chinese steamships, it is reported, are few in number, and their places in San Francisco are quickly taken by others who have been smuggled over the border from British Columbia.

THE horse's hat, which last year a humane horse owner in Bordeaux provided for his horses, is now becoming a great article of trade in France. It is made of straw and covers the eyes and forhead of the horse, while openings are left for the ears. A sponge is kept in the inside of the hat and this is moistened from time to time with vinegar, so as to keep the horse's hear re freshingly cool.

An enterprising and despicable thief attempted early one morning recently to steal, that he might pawn, five copper cannon balls that form a pyramid on the tower of a Soston armory fifty feet from the ground. An equally enterprising and more commendable policeman discovered him, and, with the aid of a convenient ladder, went up and arrested him. Thus the cop protected the copper.

The story is told by a western editor about a Kansas farmer and his wife who started in to see everything at the great fair. They had no sooner entered the gate than they saw a little to one side another gate with "e-x-j-t" over the top. "We may as well begin and see the exit," said the old man, and through they went, finding themselves outside the grounds. It cost them another dollar to get in.

THE principal lines of the five great railway systems which have gone into the hands of receivers within recent months are: Northern Pacific railway, 5,262 miles; Erie, 1,968 miles; Richmond & Danville, 3,258 miles; East Tennessee, Virginia & Georgia railway and Georgia Pacific, 5,526, and the Reading railroad, 1,185 miles. These lines include more than one-tenth the entire

EDWARD M. Greene, of San Francisco, Brakeman Ford fatally injured. Five reserve \$96,009,123, or about \$4,000,000 Soup-houses have leen opened at has designed a novelty for the mid-, Messenger Chapman was shot a unknown tramps were killed and a below the \$100,000,000 mark. Ironwood and 500 hungry Finns and winter fair, to be held in that city, Poles were being fed. The treasury department has resumed the payment here of paper money. For number of others are reported to b the ruins. which he hopes will rival the Eiffel Dennis Ryan, a teamster, received tower and the Ferris wheel. It is a the last ten days only gold has been probably fatal injuries in a runaway at collosal statue of Justice, 150 feet high, Ten Thousand Smiths. paid for treasury checks. This has resupporting an immense pair of scales, Grand Rapids. PEAPACK, N. J., Sept. 1.-About 10,duced the gold, and also allowed the A Philadeiphia man named Ritter 000 people, all tracing their ancestry to the extremities of which are cars holdtreasury to secure a stock of paper will establish a knitting factory at Esa common root, assembled here Wednesing fifty people each. The beam is a money, believed to be sufficient, nt. canaba if the people of that, town will truss 300 feet Nong, oscillating like a day. The occasion was the annual releast, for present needs. The gold donate a lot and building costing \$8.walking beam, thus lifting the cars to union of the descendants of Johnbalance, which by the heavy payments 000, or its equivalent in cash, and a Smith. Wedness' ay's reunion was the a height of 350.) has been reduced to \$97,000,000, will bonus of \$2,000. eighteenth gathering of the Smiths at now be built up until the reserve of Peapack. \$100,000,000 becomes intact.

mortgaged \$315,000 worth of property of his son Orlando F. Barnes and the stone. The locomotive passed almost Lansing iron and engine works. The THE king of Siam is about forty-two Central Michigan bank, now in the

# Drowned by a Boat Capsizing.

While a party of four were out sailing on Macatawa bay at Holland a vicinity, and a man driving by gave the sudden squall came up, which cap- alarm through the village street. In a sized the boat and resulted in the drowning of John Haan, ex-porter of scene. The shrieks of the imprisoned An inquiry in Chinatown, San Fran- the steamer Saugatuck, and Jennie An- were most terrible and scores of people derson, of Chicago. The other two were looked on completely unnerved. The rescued. The bodies of those drowned were recovered a short time after.

# Form a Benefit Association.

The State Liquor Dealers' Protective association in session at Grand Rapids adopted a plan of mutual life insurance by which beneficiaries shall receive \$1,000. They also elected officers as follows: President, S. H. Carroll, Jackson; vice president, Chris Wernette Grand Rapids; treasurer, J. A. Wells, Bay City.

### Short But Newsy Items.

The Bay Shore hospital at Menominee has been sold by the receiver of the property to the Sisters of Charity for \$14,000.

Grapes in the southern part of the state are beginning to ripen, and the crop will be fully an average in both quantity and quality.

Thirteen carrier pigeons belonging to a Norway man were set free at Menominee, and made the trip of 62 miles home in one hour and fifteen minutes.

A lamp exploded in the house of Michael Manly at Osceola and two little children were fatally burned, both dying during the night.

Heavenrich Bros., wholesale clcthing merchants in Detroit, filed a mortgage on their stock for \$121,995 to secure creditors. The firm has been doing business in Detroit for thirty years.

Lack of business has caused Bessemer's only hotel to close.

There are living on one farm in Kinderhook township, Branch county, four generations of one family-father, son, grandson and great-grandson.

The Menominee county fair has been abandoned.

The Upper Michigan Brewing company at Iron Mountain has cut the wages of its employes 10 per cent. Burglars broke into S. Blackman's

up again after an idleness, of five months.

escape, and above over the structure, but was smashed, the water tank being thrown a long distance. The buffet, two sleepers and the dining car went into kindling when they struck the stream 20 feet below, but two day coaches and a smoker in the rear did not leave the track.

There are only a few houses in the few moments hundreds were on the shock and were hard at work. Every available man hastened down the banks with axes and crowbars to assist in the apple trees in an adjoining orchard, where scores were taken. Ox teams arrived with loads of straw, cushions, bedding and food.

The wounded were soon removed to the houses of N. A. Harwood, Washington Moore and J. C. Crocker, and all that remained on the apple-strewn ground were thirteen bodies covered with red blankets from an adjoining stable. The dead were many of them horribly mutilated, the heads crushed in, limbs torn, and often recognizable only from their clothing. Thomas Kelly, whose brains were

dashed out, was 60 years old and a member of the firm of Thomas Kelly & Co., of Boston, blanket manufacturers. His daughter was in the same compartment in the sleeping coach and escaped uninjured.

John E. Dewitt, of Portland, Me., who was instantly killed, was the president of the Union Mutual Life Insurance company and well-known in New England financial circles. His business called him all over the country, and he had been practically a pioneer in his business and was an authority on every branch of the business.

The bridge had been built fifteen years and was a two-span lattice 221 feet long. It was built by the Hawkins iron works. The train was one of the fastest expresses on the road topping only at Pittsfield from Albany to Springfield. It carries the largest engine and best cars of any train running west of Springfield.

BRENHAM, Tex., Sept. 1.-A southbound freight train loaded with merchandise was wrecked and partly burned about 10 miles from here on the ters of the revolution. 3. Then follow all the states of the union.

each represented by as many youths as there are counties in each state, and bearing the shield of the state. Each group to be preceded by eight or twelve young school girls representing the chief cities, some bearing floral broken hoops above the head, some olive branches, and other devices. The standard of the state represented to be borne in front of each group. The youths and maidens, with bands preceding, march around the court of konor, returning to the peristyle, where they form in groups, as hereafter indicated, all joining in ongs of the people. The costumes of the boys and the dresses of the girls can be so selected as to represent a grouping and continuous change of color as the procession moves. The young misses should have skirts to the ankles, each group a single color, such as red, blue, yellow or white, state colors when possible. A village people soon recovered from the short waist with sash of different color, and all wearing liberty caps in some form. At the conclusion of the march past the girls form with their persons and dresses the national flag. The rescue. The hospital was a group of by the simple device of having each group with youths might be given a uniform appearance caps alike, and all trousers of the same color in each company.

This will consist of all allegorical tableaux and floats representing Chicago receiving all civilized nations of the earth.

1. Float-Chicago, surrounded by the states receiving all nations.

2 Float-Chicago in 1812, a trading post; preceded by Indians, pioneers and trappers. 3. Float-Chicago in 1837: the first city election: followed by sons and daughters of actual residents at that time

4. Chicago in war.

A Chicago prostrate. The conflagration. 6. Chicago in peace.

Then follow floats of all nations, by actual residents of Chicago, in the national costumes of their respective countries, the whole procession closing with an equestrian cavalcade of Chicago and her sister cities upon gaily caparisoned horses. To conclude, a magnificent display of fireworks, excelling in grandeur and costliness any previous attempts in America.

# PUBLIC DEBT GROWS.

### An Increase of \$10,000,000 During August-Gold Reserve Falls Off Nearly \$3, 000.000.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 2 .- The monthly public debt statement and statement of government receipts and expenditures issued from the treasury department presents a more unfavorable showing of the fiscal operations of the government for a month than issued for years past. The any public debt during last month increased about \$10,500,000; the gold reserve decreased nearly \$3,000,000 during the month, or from \$99,000,000 to \$96,000,-000; government receipts, compared with August, 1892, were nearly \$10,000,-000 less last month, customs receipts alone falling off fully \$6,000,000 and internal revenue decreasing about \$3,500,

Robbery at Mound Valley-Three Despe The total debt less the surplus in the hotel at Vassar and carried away 1,500 Gulf. Colorado & Santa Fe road. A treasury is \$853,676,348; of this amount cigars and a quantity of liquor. prairie fire burned away a long piece \$585,037,440 is interest-bearing debt, The Flushing flour mill has started of track and as the freight came and All the Train Employes. mainly 4 per cents. Treasury gold rushing along at the rate of 30 miles assets aggregate \$176,423,172, against an hour it dashed into the burned track which there are gold certificates out-About \$1,000 worth of cedar ties, standing amounting to \$80.979,419, and and through a bridge spanning a wide posts, etc., on the banks of Thunder railroad mileage of the United States. creek. Jack Swanson, the engineer, with \$565,370 of gold certificates in Bay river, belonging to an Alpena lumwas killed and Fireman Cameron and the treasury cash leaves the gold ber company, were destroyed by fire.

# FATAL TRAIN WRECK.

Two Killed and Ten Injured Near Street Ill.-Iron Loaded on a Car Projects Enough to Strike a Bridge, Pulling Down and Causing the Disaster.

STREATOR, Ill., Sept. 4 .- Train 75 of the Illinois Valley & North railroad, consisting of sixteen freig cars and caboose, fell through a sect of the bridge across the Vermill river near this city Saturday nig killing two unknown men and would ing ten other persons. The wound are:

Lew Baker, of Kangley, coal miner. noses and hand burned; Albert Burgess, of Kang farmer, hands burned; Thomas Kavanach Ladd, Ill., compound fracture of right les tween knee and ankle and right hand but Miss Maggie Knuckley, postmistress of hi ley, left foot burned and right knee bress John Mandula, of Kangley, coal 10 legs and hands severely injured; MoClung, of Galesburg, brakeman, knee cap broken and badly cut about body and limbs; N. E. Tobias, of Kang clerk, hands and face burned; Mrs. Eli liams, of Kangley, badly burned about limbs .and hand; Willie Williams, son of M Williams, right foot burned; John Woods, Kangley, coal miner, bad bruise on left should and concussion of the brain.

The cause of the accident was the placement of some of the bridge's I trusses which were loaded on one of i rear cars of the train. The heavy in caught in the timbers of the bridge a pulled it down and the seven rear ca and caboose fell through.

# OUTLAWS IN KANSAS.

adoes Hold Up a Train, Kill the Esper Messenger and Plunder the Passeng SPRINGFIELD, Ill., Sept. 4.-Near little station of Mound Valley, Kan, 4 o'clock Sunday morning three at perate men who understood their ness held up the St. Louis & San Fra cisco passenger train. Expre

because of their sex.

killed. Failing to secure money from the express car, the bandits roc the passengers in a manner ma after the style of the Jame Younger gang in their palmie days. The work was done with cool deliberation of typical outlaws is estimated that the amount of secured fell not far short of Watches, diamonds and other value were taken along with the cash. We en were not molested by the plunders

they learn , were be e, and, b stopped while the champion The coach after a e the ent and which corner ( ained, whil "Se ung: omes." Mr nd left to 1 and was for of the leared the t lowed to pro ce without ALTH'S F the Fe The Preside and His by His Trip INGTON, nd, accompa eir daught rived in W Buzzard's

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Rule Bill Passes the House of as-A Majority of 34 on Third -Gladstone Cheered.

pos, Sept. 2.-The home-rule bill used third reading in the house mons, the majority for the measdivision being thirty-four. The ow goes to the lords.

greatest triumph of Gladstone nally achieved amid scenes which, they were certainly memorable, marked by no especial demonstra-The grand old man was greeted most enthusiastic cheers and the members especially outdid thembut that was all. The tories heir defeat in silence.

government's majority was than had been generally exby two or three votes, but this are been brought about by the act that victory was assured. last speech upon the great measas made by John Morley, and it mid the excitement produced by oquence that the final vote was

time having arrived for the third g of the bill the speaker formally emotion and ordered a division house. Mr. Gladstone was the record his vote and Mr. Morley e last. Each was hearily cheered. salso Mr. Balfour. The division d: For the motion, 301; against

n the figures were announced sh members sprang to their feet members raised counter cheers outs of "Resign! Resign!" The then adjourned.

scenes in front of the house after th were exciting. The knowlhat the vote on the third reading home rule bill was to be taken vafter that hour attracted a crowd to the spot, and at midfully 2,000 persons were jammed space in front of the house of ons gates. There were many en in the throng, and the sentiof the crowd generally was for rule and Gladstone.

12:30 the multitude had so ind in numbers that the place from ngstreet to the palace yard was The crowd was inclined to be

# HEROES OF THE WAR.

V

Veterans Who Fought on Land and Sea During the Rebellion Gather for Their Encampment at Indianapolis-History of the G. A. R.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Sept. 4.- "They coming, a hundred thousand are strong." That is the refrain on every lip, and the home of ex-President Harrison has arranged a royal welcome for the G. A. R. It is its twenty-seventh annual gathering, and in no year was the interest deeper or the attendance more flattering.

The question of most importance to come up for debate is that relating to recent developments in pension legislation and department decisions, and under this head will probably come the appeal of the disbanded Farnham post of New York.

There was an unusual scene at the rheumatism; steady improvement. About Tabernacle Presbyterian church Sunday morning, and one in which ex-President Harrison, much to his surprise, was made a central figure. A special patriotic service had been arranged for the delegates to the convention of naval veterans, over 100 of whom, headed by Rear Admiral B. S. Osbon, occupied seats in the body of the edifice. The audience still lingered after the benediction had been pronounced, and several of the old salts in the rear pushed to the front and grasped the ex-president by the hand. Seeing that an impromptu reception could not be avoided, the pastor invited Mr. Harrison to the front of the platform, and for over an hour men, women and children filed by, each taking him by the hand and many expressing in a few words their pleasure at seeing him amongst them.

In accordance with the usual custom cordance with the usual custom Clark Eldridge, spinal irritation, neuris-naval veterans held their thenia, irritable heart, very weak, chronic the celebration before the rally of their comrades of the army, and Saturday being the second and final day of their reunion they were up bright and early, and at eight bells every man of them had gathered at the flagship Kearsarge on the capitol grounds to witness the ceremony of putting the counterpart of the time-honored craft well into commission. The festivities at the man-of-war were concluded barely have been sent home, over the Burlington in time for the veterans to make Route, for the following reasons: Andrew their way to North Meridan and Henry D. Wolf as cured and to care for St. Clair streets, where the line Arnett. of march was formed for the grand parade. It was in Decatur, Ill., on April 6, 1866, that Dr. Stephenson formed the first post of the Grand Army of the Republic, and on October had passed the home-rule bill 31, 1866, the first national convention was held evelved the crowd went wild. in this city, where now they are gathering in twenty-seventh reunion. The second session was held in Philadelphia in January, 1868 nother, smashed hats and did It was during this session that the absurd things to show their ap- rule was established abolishing the use of all military titles in connection with grand army proceedings, with the result that in the post room the major general and the private from the ranks stand on precisely the same footing; no rank or grade being recognized except those of the grand army itself and derived directly from that body. The third annual session of the national encampment was held in Cincinnati May 12, 1869. Gen. Logan presiding, and he was reelected commander in chief for the following year, and the fourth annual encampment was held in the city of Washington on May 11, 1870. For the third time Gen. Logan was elected commander champion of home rule to the in chief to succeed himself, and the fifth annual The coachman was enabled to meeting of the national encampment was after a few minutes, but by held in Boston on May 10, 1871. The sixth annual encampment was presided over by me the entire crowd left their Maj. Gen. Ambrose E. Burnside, as commander in chief, meeting in Cleveland, May 8, 1872. Gen. Burnside was reelected commander in corner of Downing street chief, and the seventh annual encampment was held in New Haven, Conn., May 14, 1873. The general declined to serve a third time, and Gen. "See, the Conquering Charles Devens, Jr., of Massachusetts, was omes." Mr. Gladstone bowed elected in Harrisburg, Pa., May 13, 1874. Gen. Devens was reelected commander in chief for the following year, and the ninth an-The people. The police The tenth annual meeting, Gen. John F. Hartsteared the way and the carriage ranft commander in chief, was in Philadelphia owed to proceed to the premier's on June 30, 1876, the centennial year, and was largely attended. On June 26, 1877, the eleventh annual meeting was in Providence, R. I., Gen, Hartranft having been reelected. On May 16 preceding, Gen. Grant was mustered in as a comrade of the grand army and a member of Gen. George and His Labors Thoroughly Meade post No. 1, Philadelphia. Here was a spectacle: the commanding general of the greatest army known to history-the ex-president of the republic-quietly taking his place in the ranks of the army of citizen veterans, among his men who carried the musket. On June 4, 1878, the twelfth annual meeting took place in Springfield, Mass., with Maj. Gen. John C. Robinson as commander in chief. The thirteenth year Gen. Robinson succeeded himto the train which left self as commander, the meeting occurfork at 9 o'clock Thursday ring at Albany, on June 17, 1879. The following year Chaplain William Earn-The party remained on shaw, of Pennsylvania, was commander until 7 o'clock, when they in chief; the fourteenth annual session net by Private Secretary Thurbeing held very appropriately at the soldiers' a carriages and driven to the home at Dayton, O., June 8, 1880, where there were living over 4,000 veterans. . The fifteenth bouse in a drenching rain. yearly meeting, with Gen. Louis Wagner as aurber was afterwards asked commander in chief, was held in Indianapolis, the general health of the Ind., June 15, 1881. The sixteenth anand he replied that everynual session was held in Baltimore, Md., June 21, 1882, with Maj. George S. Merrill in command. On July 25, 1888, was feeling first-rate and journ at Gray Gables had the seventeenth annual session took place at eneficial to all. Mr. Cleveland Denver, with Sergt. Paul Van Der Voort, of Ohio, as commander in chief, who was under 16 years of age when he enlisted. The eighteenth annual session was held in Minneapolis, Minn., July 23, 1884, Cot. Robert B. Beath, commander in chief. The nineteenth meeting was at Portyears of age when he enlisted. The eighteenth land, Me., June 24, 1885. The commander in chief was John S. Kountz, of Ohio. The twentieth meeting was held in San Francisco, August 4, 1886, and Capt. S. S. Burdett was chosen

SOUTH DAKOTA HOT SPRINGS. The United States Sending Its Sick Sol-

diers There to Be Cured.

It may not be generally known, but it is a fact, that the United States Government is sending many of its sick soldiers to the Hot Springs in South Dakota—especially the chronic cases, for treatment. The Burling-ton Route has an increasing traffic for Hot Springs, South Dakota, as the efficacy of the waters become more generally known. Dr. fennings, the physician in charge of the detail of soldiers from Fort Leavenworth, in his third weekly report of the progress of the veterans gives instances of cures that seem almost miraculous. Some have already gone home cured, others are ready to go, and from the rapid manner in which the others are regaining health they will all soon be able to go home cured. The following is condensed from the report:

Joseph F. Knipe, chronic rheumatism; steady improvement. Ira D. Chamberlin, chronic rheumatism,

neuritis of the anterior crural; steady improvement.

Thomas Concanon, hemorrhoids, chronic

T. W. Jones, general rheumatism and heart weakness; steady improvement. E. F. Kingsland, general muscular rheu-

matism; steady improvement. Resella Randall, sciatica, mental derange-

ment, neurithenia; improvement in general condition.

John Walsh, chronic rheumatism, heart disease; improvement,

P. Hudson, hemiplegia, mialgia, articular rheumatism; steady improvement.

A. Longacrea, locomotor ataxia; some improvement. A. Mueller, arthritis deformans, chronic

rheumatism, general cystitis; slight improvement.

D. B. Derby, general paralysis; much improved.

C. S. Gifford, diabetes; improved

M. Shea, arthritis deformans, hemorrhoids, chronic constipation; slight improvement John Mahoney, chronic rheumatism, weak

heart, spinal irritation, sciatica, and chronic cystitis. Fast improvement.

Henry De Wolf, chronic rheumatism, hemorrhoids, chronic diarrhea; improvement, sent home well.

constipation; general improvement.

Andrew J. Arnett, locomotor ataxia, rheu matism in shoulders, blind; no improve ment, incurable, sent home.

Eri N. Nichols, heart disease, chronic rheumatism, lumbago, cystitis; improved; almost well

P. Somers, chronic rheumatism; articulate; improved, almost well.

James Hanson, chronic rheumatism, constipation; steady improvement, almost

Henry De Wolf and Andrew J. Arnett

Don't Blame the Cook

If a baking powder is not uniform in strength, so that the same quantity will always do the same work, no one can know how to use it, and uniformly good, light food cannot be produced with it.

All baking powders except Royal, because improperly compounded and made from inferior materials, lose their strength quickly when the can is opened for use. At subsequent bakings there will be noticed a falling off in strength. The food is heavy, and the flour, eggs and butter wasted.

It is always the case that the consumer suffers in pocket, if not in health, by accepting any substitute for the Royal Baking Powder. The Royal is the embodiment of all the excellence that it is possible to attain in an absolutely pure powder. It is always strictly reliable. It is not only more economical because of its greater strength, but will retain its full leavening power, which no other powder will, until used, and make more wholesome food.

# 

"Yo' George Washington Snowball, come right in outen de sun," screamed a negro namma to her child. "Whaffur, mamma?" Whaffur? I'll tell yo' whaffur! Fust thing yo' know yo' complection 'll be tanned as bad as de white trash."

THERE are thousands of young men standng on the very threshold of life, trying to make a wise decision as to what business or profession they will follow. To all such we would say, before deciding the question write to B. F. Johnson & Co., Richmond, Va. They can be of service to you, as they have been to others.

In the second grade grammar.-Teacher -"Bobby Smart, give me the feminine of

"Is MY son thorough in his school work Mr. Pedagog !" asked Bosbyshell. "Yes, he is," said the teacher. "He shows a tendency to go to the bottom of everything. I think he will be foot of his class in a few days.

"THERE, mamma," said the small boy, as he gazed at the dromedary, "that must be the camel that had the last straw put on his back.

ANYONE would be justified in recommending Beecham's Pills for all affections of the liver and other vital organs.

WHILE vacation always begins with a V

d visited Mrs1 rous and indulged in all sorts of rival in Apr play. The Irishmen in the crowd away the time by alternately labeled 'Pine "God Save Ireland," cheering adstone and hooting Balfour. n the house, reek. Mrs. Br n the announcement that the

> theered, shouted, sung, embraced tion of the house's action.

Gladstone's carriage, containing time minister and his wife, ed from the gates at 1:10. A nummounted police instantly surd the carriage, but the crowd, they learned who was in the e, were beyond the control of ice, and, breaking through the stopped the carriage and while they cheered the trium-

WRECK.

d Near Streat and started after the ar Projects e, which was again stopped ige, Pulling isaster. tained, while the crowd cheered 4.-Train 1 sung: ey & North nd left to his enthusiastic adixteen freig and was greatly touched by ough a sect e Vermilli

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The wound

te without further stoppage. ALTH'S RUDDY GLOW. miner. noses tess, of Kaarl as Kavanagh as the Features of Mr. Cleve-The President Returns to Washof right leg nistress of Kn nt knee brus y, coal min njured: Gen brakeman, h by His Trip. Eneron, Sept. 2. - President ad, accompanied by Mrs. Clevebeir daughter Ruth, nurse and rived in Washington at 4:10 a. cut about as, of Kangi Mrs. Eli W Buzzard's Bay, Mass., over the rania road in a special car rned about ams, son of M John Woods,

e on left should nt was the d bridge's in on one of t he heavy in he bridge at even rear ca

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was bright and complexion and he looked vigorous and he Passenge res. ly after breakfast at the white 4.-Near t he president entered his office lley, Kan. gan his routine work. From g three de til 11:30 o'clock he and Prid their ecretary Thurber disposed & San Fra very large amount of aca. Expres public business.

Syrup commander The twenty-first annual session was held at St. Louis, Mo., September 28, 1887. Gen. Louis Fairchild, of Wisconsin, presided as the com-Mr. Albert Hartley of Hudson, At mander in chief. The twenty-second annual us O. on September N. C., was taken with' Pneumonia. 12, 1888, Maj. John P. Rea, of Minnesota, commander in chief. The twenty-third annual encampment was held in Milwaukee, Wis., Cretary Smith. The silver on August 23, 29 and 30, 1889, Commander was discussed with refer- in Chief William Warner, of Missouri, chances for repeal presiding. The twenty-fourth annual tession, with Gen. R. A. Alger as commander in chief, was held at Boston, Mass., on August 13 and 14, 1890. The twenty-fifth annual meeting was at out Another most important <sup>1</sup> considered was the condition <sup>1</sup> casury, but no definite plan of <sup>1</sup> as discussed with any view to <sup>1</sup> considered was the condition <sup>1</sup> considered was the condition <sup>1</sup> casury, but no definite plan of <sup>1</sup> casury, but no definite plan of <sup>1</sup> considered was the condition <sup>1</sup> constant of the twenty-sixth annual meeting was <sup>1</sup> held in Washington, Commander in Chief John <sup>1</sup> Palmer, of Albany, presiding. <sup>1</sup> commander in Chief Weissert, of Milwaukee, <sup>1</sup> succeeded him and is in charge of the Indianapy <sup>1</sup> clis encomposed olis encampment.

Arnett, incurable; locomotor ataxia, blind.

All the men are doing well, and those that were not expected to get any relief on account of age, shattered constitution and in-curable conditions are, I am pleased to say, benefited and feeling much better than when they came here, with the exception of the case returned, Andrew J. Arnett. The bathing at the Catholicon has been stopped on account of the long distance from the home, and the effects of such change are already apparent. The best route to the South Dakota Hot Springs is via the Burlington Route, which reaches all points in the Black Hills.-Burlington Hawk Eye.

WHILE the elevator man gives many a fellow a lift, he doesn't hesitate to run a chap down.

### Cheap Excursions to the West.

An exceptionally favorable opportunity for visiting the richest and most productive sections of the west and northwest will be afforded by the series of low rate harvest excursions which have been arranged by the North-Western Line. Tickets for these excursions will be sold on August 22d, September 12th and October 10th, 1893, to points in Northwestern Iowa, Western Minnesota, North Dakota, South Dakota, Manitoba, Nebraska, Colorado, Wyoming and Utah, and will be good for return passage within twenty days from date of sale. Stop-over privileges will be allowed on going trip in territory to which the tickets are sold. For further information call on or address Ticket Agents of connecting lines. Circulars giving rates and detailed information will be mailed free, upon application to W. A. Thrall, General Passenger and Ticket Agent, Chicago & North-Western Railway, Chicago.

"SUPPOSE you wanted to propose marriage to a girl, Jarley, what would you ask her first?" "If we were alone."

### The World's fnn.

The above Chicago hotel, under the capable management of Mr. Chas. E. Leland, is having the patronage it deserves. It is not a fire-trap, but is built of steel and fireproof tile, combining absolute safety with reasonable prices. Its location-southwest corner Midway Plaisance (60th st.) and Madison ave.—is unsurpassed, as it faces the Fair Grounds. Is accessible by steam, cable and elevated lines. Write or tele graph in advance of your coming for accommodations, or look The World's Inn up when you arrive. You will not be disappointed.

THE chain which holds the cow to the stake is like a hard conundrum. It contracts the browse.

### The Death Roll Is Largely Swelled

By persons careless of imperilled health "poon, pooh !" their minor ailments, believing, or pretending to believe, that nature will effect a change. Nature does effect a change, but it is in the wrong direction. She thus avenges a disregard of her appeals. Don't omit, if you are at all unwell, to recuperate by the aid of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, a signal remedy for dys-pepsia, nervousness, debility, malaria, rheumatism, biliousness.



E. B. WALTHALL & Co., Druggists, Horse Cave, Ky, say: "Hall's Catarrh Cure cures every one that takes it." Sold by Druggists,

THE Elizabethan ruff will be in vogue in the fall, and the fellow who attempts to kiss a fashionable girl will "get it in the neck."-Philadelphia Record.

FRESHNESS and purity are imparted to the complexion by Glenn's Sulphur Soap. Hill's Hair and Whisker Dye, 50c.



# KNOWLEDGE

Brings comfort and improvement and tends to personal enjoyment when rightly used. The many, who live better than others and enjoy life more, with less expenditure, by more promptly adapting the world's best products to the needs of physical being, will attest the value to health of the pure liquid laxative principles embraced in the remedy, Syrup of Figs. Its excellence is due to its presenting

in the form most acceptable and pleasant to the taste, the refreshing and truly. beneficial properties of a perfect laxative; effectually cleansing the system, dispelling colds, headaches and fevers and permanently curing constipation. It has given satisfaction to millions and met with the approval of the medical profession, because it acts on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels without weakening them and it is perfectly free from every objectionable substance.

Syrup of Figs is for sale by all druggists in 50c and \$1 bottles, but it is manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only, whose name is printed on every package, also the name, Syrup of Figs, and being well informed, you will not accept any substitute if offered.

ways ends with a scarcity of them. Baltimore American.

SEEING is not always believing. For instance, we see liars frequently .- Philadelphia North America.

FIRST MOTH-"Are you going fur?" Second Moth-"I intend to spend the summer on the cape."





lars. They will be sent to you

FREE. HOPEWELL CLARKE, Address Land Commissioner, St. Paul, Minn.

\$75.00 to \$350.00 Can be made month-JOHNSON & CO., 2000-2-4-0-8 Main St., Richmond, Va. og-NAME THIS PAPER every time you with.

EDUCATIONAL.

CHICAGOATHENAEUM-22d Year. Elegan Broad Educational work. Business, Shorthand, Aca demic and Preparatory Technical instruction. Fine Library and Gymnasium. Address E. I. GALVIN, Supt. GTNAME THIS PAPER every time you write.





cabinet meeting began the until 1 o'clock. All the officers were present exthe senate and the presiessed himself as satisfied recommendations would be

His brother had just died from it. When he found his doctor could not rally him he took one bottle of German Syrup and came out sound and well. Mr. S. B. Gardiner, Clerk with Druggist J. E. Barr, Aurora, Texas, prevented a bad attack of pneumonia by taking German Syrup in time. He was in the business and knew the danger. He used the great remedy-Boschee's German GOOD COOKING DEMANDS CLEANLINESS. SAPOLIO SHOULD BE USED IN EVERY KITCHEN. Syrup-for lung diseases.

# THE POT INSULTED THE KETTLE BECAUSE THE COOK HAD NOT USED

SAPOLIO

# flore and There.

on trial for embezzling the money of an has had all of the following tried on him, elderly widow. He is not as one without and yet they did not make him smart: excuse apparently, for he states his belief | Madrone, live oak, hickory oak, black oak, that had he not taken the money, some red oak, white oak, tanbark oak, maul body else would, The widow, being set oak, buckeye, alder, laurel, redwood, fir, in her way, refuses to be placated by this lucid defense.

Thieves broke into a house and stole a stocking, regardless of the fact that this broke a pair, leaving the owner with an odd and necessarily useless article. In the toe of the stolen stocking was \$900, placed there because the recklessness of depositing black acacia, pepper, orange, rubber, in banks has become to a certain extent recognized.

The entire cost of the White House up to the present time has been \$2,332,000. Nine hundred and thirty thousand dollars of this amount has been expended in finishing, furnishing and carpeting the mansion since 1797. Since 1807, \$702,000 has been spent in repairing it, and since 1818, \$373, 000 in improving the grounds surrounding

Court etiquette on the Pacific coast seems to be approaching the point of effeminacy. By the latest ruling from the bench gentlemen are expected to unburden their pockets of firearms before entering. A man with a gun within reach will say things that otherwise he would not. The ruling of the court seems to be an insidious thrust at the much vaunted freedom of screech.

Many wrinkles may be avoided by the woman who will take some pains with her expression when she is by herself. She who bends over her book, her desk or her sewing with knitted brow and compressed or working lips need not be surprised if her face refuses to smooth itself when she turns to other employments. It would cost her very little trouble to avoid such tricks of feature.

The failure of the rain-making experi ment has not deterred certain citizens of Dakota from organizing what they call the International Cold Wave Company with a nominal capital of \$1,000,000. The promoters of the enterprise claim to have discovered the secret of producing cold waves, and will undertake to start one at any time for a consideration. They guard their secret very carefully.

California school teachers have fifty-eight lifferent kinds of wood from which to A minister has the embarrassment to be select a punishing stick. One dull boy myrtle, sequoia-big tree, bull pine, sugar pine, yellow pine, Monterey pine, California walnut, white cedar, red cedar, California ash, maple, sycamore, magnolia, yew wild eherry, olive, Monterey cypress, spruce locust, pear, elm, coffee tree, manzanita, eucalyptus, nutmeg, lilac, cottonwood camphor, Spanish cedar, hemlock, chitam wood, birch, elder, Douglas spruce, fig, salmon berry, castor bean, white thorn, mountain mahogany, furze, azalia.

Not long ago there was a threatning epedemic of typhoid fever in San Francisco. Several cases broke out and it was

can

believed by one of the enterprising firms of To Remove Substances from the Eye undertakers of that city that the morality was going to be great. Reasoning from the lids, it is sufficient to pull the lid away cause to effect, this particular firm expected from the eye and to wipe the body with a an unusually large demand for fioral piece of moist paper or the corner of a decorations and at once organized a corner. handkerchief. If it is under the upper lid, All the moss that could be procured along grasp the lid firmly between the thumb and the Pacific coast from San Diego to Seattle finger, lift it from the eye-ball and draw it was bought by them and locked up. There down over the lower lid, and then allow were but twenty-five deaths from typhoid it to tlide slowly back to its natural position fever, however. The epidemic didn't The foreign body will be scraped off on the materialize and the enterprising firm of lashes. undertakers have a large job-lot of moss The operation may be repeated several for funeral decorations on hand. There is nothing left for the members of that firm allow the tears to accumulate beneath the to do now but to glut the market by lid and forcibly blow the nose. Or place sending all their moss to it or pray for the

introduction of cholera. forming a mucilage, will promptly bring Talk about your own town and worl for it. It has schools, good churches and good business houses, managed by good business men. Don't grumble if every particle is brought into distinct view and thing is not up to your ideas, especially if can be readily wiped away -Ex. you do nothing yourself to make the town.

Give liberal encouragement to every useful and creditable enterprise in your midst, for as effect follows cause, so sure will such a course repay every citizen. You cannot cleansed in a hot medicated wash and live entirely to yourself. If you see a the place where the rattlesnake's fangs needed improvement, demand it, take it up vigorously, until a storm of public sentiment completes the work; but if you cannot have all that is needed remember cent oily solution of camphorated phenic that in such respect it is like a thousand acid was injected in some twenty-five Once the story of a Philadelphia other places in the land, and be content. places in the hand and arm. The only invade her nest is verified and every com- public spirit and love of advancement rattler should immediately suck the wound

# Beat It If You Can.

To remove the solid particles from under

in the eye a few grains of flaxseed, which

relief. Or place across the upper lid the

point of a pencil or bobkin, and turn the

lid back over it. In this way the foreign

Curing a Snake Bite.

An Estimate on Pill Taking.

The English Chemist and Druggist A first-class fisherman in a local option county is the possessor of a fine garden recently asked its subscribers throughout says an exchange, and in speaking of its the United Kingdom to supply it with cures chronic diseases; not i growing qualities, said; "I heard a racket estimates of the number of pills consumed in potato patch the other night and on in the kingdom daily. The average of the going out to ascertain the cause, I found it estimates were based upon the actual daily was the little potatoes grumbling because sales, by the correspondents, of ordinary the big ones wouldn't lay along and stop pills, perscription pills, and pills which are and prolongs life. Many wh crowding. The cracking and snapping patent medicines. The average of these in the growth of my corn keeps me awake estimates, which were received from a half the night. A neighbor's pig got into parts of the kingdom; shows that the my squash vines the other day and one of extraordinary number of 5 643,961 pills the big vines got after him and chased him computed to be the daily consumption. clear out of the field. I pulled up some This would give one pill per week to ever radishes for dinner one day and on one man, woman and child in the kingdom that came up hard found a young china and a little calculation shows that, taking the average pill to weigh three grains, man (registered) hanging to the other end, I went out one morning and picked a nice year's supply for the United Kingdom hollyhock bouquet for a friend but had to would weigh not less than 178 tons, or use a step ladder to do it. Beat it if you sufficient to fill thirty-six ordinary railway wagons, thus making a train load requiring two powerful engines to pull it.



Taste of "Royal Ruby Port Wine" and you will know why we call it "Royal. A glass held up to the light will show why we call it Ruby. \$500 reward for any bottle of this wine found under five year old, or in any way adulterated. It is grand in sickness and convalescence, or where strengthening cordial is required; recommended by druggists and physicians. Be sure you get "Royal Ruby," don't let dealers impose on you with something "just as good,", but go to R. S. Armstrong & Co., and get the genuine. Sold only in bottles: price, quarts \$1, pints 60 cts. Bottled by times. Or lift the lid from the eyeball, Royal Wine Co.

## Selfishness in a Barber Shop.

"Have you ever noticed the man," said the philosophic barber, who sits down in the chair to be shaved with the only illustrated paper in the shops in his hands, throws back his head where he can't see the paper for the life of him, spreads that paper over his knees, and lies back hanging on to it all through the shave, while a half dozen men are waiting their turns with The hand and arm were first thoroughly nothing to look at but the bare walls, the rows of mugs, and the fly specked mosquito netting over the looking glass? entered were lanced, so that the poisonous That's what I call selfishness. You see blood might escape. It was again washed lots of human nature in a barber shop. clean and a thirty-three and one-third per Bay rum, sir?"-Ex.

A FEW FACTS,

A remedy has been found which every case, but a large precentag of them. And in cases too fa gone for cure; it affords relie have been given over by physicians have been prevailed upon by friends to try this remedy, the Compound Oxygen Treatment of Drs. Starkey and Palen, of Philadelphia, and are now living to testify to its wonderful curative powers. It has been successful in curing many cases of catarh. malarial diseases, hay fever, asthma, bronchitis, neuralgia, nervous prostration and other chronic diseases. In these diseases physicians have had little success, a the name they have given to this class of disorders indicates, but Compound Oxygen has worked wonders.

There is only one genuine Compound Oxygen, and any made elsewhere or by others than Drs. Starkey and Palen, is spurious. Avoid imitations.

If you wish to learn more of this wonderful remedy, send for our book of 200 pages, sent free, with numerous testimonials and records of surprising cures. 49

Drs. Starkey & Palen,

1529 Arch St., Philadelphia, Pa. 120 Sutter St., San Francisco, Cal.



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blackbird killing and devouring one of the Don't grumble, don't stop because some pestiferous sparrows that had attempted to mummy out of whom has withered all munity in this country that hears of the moans out a sepulchral "It won't pay you" blackbird's heroic treatment of his enemy, Show to your live men that it will pay and will at once want to encourage the cooing leave to the mummy his embalmed and of many more than four and twenty black- swaddled dust and stupidity, and by and birds. If the impudent and persistent you will see the results and pluck the ripe sparrow has found his match in the black. fruits of your labor -Ex. bird, America will be apt to want to canonize him.

In a recont majority report made by a committee on the code of ethics of the American medical association it was recommended that physicians be permitted to patent mechanical devices and to consult with all legal practioneers. This is a step in the right direction. Why should mechanical genius in the medical profession go unrewarded any more than in any other and why should not a homeophathist and an allopathist and an eclectic consult to gether? Surely a case of cramp colic in a patient is no less painful whether observed by one school of medicine or another. Pathology is the same whether sugar-coated bottom with a thick paste of flour and pills, roots and herbs or what not are used

an American city and when old land-marks were cherished as fondly as a filial son cherishes the memory of his parents. Bunker Hill monument, old South church, Fancuil hall and the old grave-yards were sacred in old Boston. But now a new order of things obtain. The reverence and care which were distinguishing characteristics have given place to vandalism. Old South church is gone, Faneuil hall will soon be among the things that were and as for the grave-yards, where sleep revolutionary heroes, where Massachusetts' illustrious Governor Winthrop lies buried, are turned into playgrounds for Russian and Hungarian children who have knocked down and carried away nearly every grave mark.

Some of the New York savings banks hold strange notions as to what are the necessaries of life. They enforce their ailment of well-bred people.' "It is all rule not to allow withdrawals of money very well," said a woman the other mornwithout sivty days notice, but consider- ing, "for the occupant of a pew behind me ately make exceptions in cases where the to fan herself. She gets the breeze in her money is absolutely needed. Several of face, but with me it is different. I get it these cases are of parties who want the down my back; and a breeze on my back, money for a trip to Europe. Those are whether it be July or January, a natural just the fellows who ought to be kept at breeze or an artificial and a perfumed one, home if possible. From \$70,000,000 to is fatal I have the 'fan cold' in the worst \$100,000,000 of American money yearly form."-Ex. goes to Europe to be spent in dissipation. It was hoped this year that the world's fair might keep this class at home to spend their money here. It would be better for the banks and better for the country if they Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains,

# Hams.

Hams require very careful treatment in the kitchen, eyen when perfectly cured. The most important thing is to get a good maker's ham. They should be neatly pared, and cooked by slow degrees; i boiled, they should only be allowed to just shape. simmer. When bams are baked, it is best to cover them over with a paste of flour water, when they are actually steamed in their own moisture. While on the subject of hams we may give a tasty recipe for roasting hams Virginia fashion: Having soaked, scrubbed, and pared, cover the water, and lay it upside down in a baking Time was when Boston was essentially pan with about a pint of water. Allow half an hour to the pound, and baste several times, keeping hot water in the pan. Plunge for a minute in cold water when done, as this makes the removal of the skin custer. Cover thickly with cracker crumbs; brush over with beaten egg and set in the oven to brown. It can be eaten either hot or cold. In the old form a pint of Madeira was often used, being put in the pan about an hour before the ham was done, and basting, from tins time, being frequent. When skinned it was set back again and basted with the wine before the cracker or breadcrumbs were put on it, being set to cool in a deep dish, with the remains of the wine in the bottom.

# Oatching Cold From a Fan.

"The church fan cold," is the latest

# Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The Best Salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Feyer Store.

remaining treatment was to keet the parts perfectly clean. Any one bitten by a and spit out the blood, then tie a handkerchief tightly above the wound and open it with a clean penknife and let it bleed. While this is done not a moment taking Electric Bitters. One trial will conshould be lost in getting to a surgcon. The snake may also be killed while you

Agricultural Notes.

The ground should be kept well stirred especially after rains have formed a crust.

kerosene emulsion.

Just as soon as the work of any farm tool is done for the season. It should be stored away out of rain and sun.

# Prof. Niel,

Government chemist, writes: I have carebought by me in the open market, and certify that I found the same absolutely pure and well aged. This wine is especially recommended for its health-restoring and informed. building up properties; it strengthens the weak and restores lost vitality; particularly adapted for convalescents, the aged, nursing mothers and those reduced and weakened by over-work and worry. Be sure you get "Royal Ruby;" \$1 per quart bottle, pints 60 ets. Sold by R. S. Armstrong & Co., Druggists.

# The Term Spinster.

Among our industrial and frugal English forefathers it was a maxim that a young woman should never be married until she had spun herself a body, table and bed linen. From this custom all unmarried women were termed spinsters, an appellation they still retain in all our law proceedings .--- Ex.

# La Grippe

During the prevalence of the Grippe the past seasons it was a nonceable fact that those who depended upon Dr. Kings New Discovery, not only had a speedy recovery but escaped all of the traublesome after effects of the malady. This remedy seems to have a peculiar power in effecting rapid cures not only in cases of La Grippe, but in all Diseases of Throat, Chest and Lungs and has cured cases of Asthma and Hay Fever of long standing. Try it and be convinced. It won't disappoint. Free Eggs, per dozen

# Strength and Health.

If you are not feeling strong and healthy rv Electric Bitters. If "La Grippe" has eft you weak and weary, use Electric Bitters. This remedy acts directly on Liver Stomach and Kidneys, gently aiding those organs to perform their functions. If you are afflicted with Sick Headache, you will find a speedy and permanent relief by vince you that this is the remedy you need Large bottles only 50c at Glazier & Co's Drug Store.

# Sleeping Under Feathers.

Years ago we used to smile with conscious superiority at the idea of the Dutch sleeping under a feather bed instead of over We are not partial to hedge fence. It it, The idea of sleeping upon a hard required a good deal of work to keep it in mattress and climbing under a soft one seemed rather an anachronism and a sin-For cabbage worms use pyrethrum, hot gular perversion of common sense, but the water at a temperature of 130 degrees, or introduction of down or feather comfortables is simply the utilization of that knowledge of things which some of the older countries had long ago known. Feathers are exceedingly warm, and a covering of them superinduces and retains the heat in the human body.

A curious claim is now made for a new comfortable of down. The makers assert fully analyzed your Royal Ruby Port Wine, that their product retains all the natural warmth, but allows the impure air to escape from the bed, how or wherefore we are not

# Business Pointers.

Glazier, the druggist, sells all 50c medicines at 28 to 38c.

Itch on human and horses and all animals cured in 80 minutes by Woolford's Sanitary Lotion. This never fails. Sold by R. S. Armstrong, Druggist, Chelsea, Mich. No 18

Glazier, the druggist, sells all dollar medicines at 58 to 78c per bottle.

guarantee every one who follows our instra faithfully the making of \$300.00 a month Every one who takes hold now and works will surely and speedily increase their earnings; there English Spavin Liniment removes al can be no question about it; others now at you are doing it, and you, reader, can do the same. This is the best paying business that you have Soft or Calloused Lumps and Hard. Blemishes from horses, Blood Spavins, Curbs, Splints, Sweeney, Ring-Bone, ever had the chance to Stifles, Sprains, all Swollen Throats, trave mistake if you fail to give it a trial at o If you grasp the situation, and act quickly, Coughs, etc. Save \$50 by use of one bottle. Warranted the most wonderful Blemish Cure ever known. Sold by R. S. business, at which large sums of money. The results of only is hours' work will often equal a week's with Armstrong, Druggist, Chelsea, Mich. 18 Whether you are old or yo makes no difference, -- do as we tell you, and cess will meet you at the very start. Net perience or capital necessary. Those who for us are rewarded. Why not write to day full particulars, free ? E. C. ALLEN & CO., Box No. 420, Augusta, 3

Glazier, the druggist, sells all pills plasters, and 25c medicines at 12 to 18c.

# Markets.

# Chelsea, Sept. 7, 1893.

12c

200

Trial Bottles at Glazier & Co's. Drug Butter, per pound..... Oa's, per bushel.....

Scientific American

of any scientific illustrated. N Splendidly illust

# Real Estate for Sale.

CTATE OF MICHIGAN, County of Washtenaw In the matter of the estate of Francis and Sibila Barthel, minors.

Notice is hereby given that in pur in order granted to the undersigned Guardian of the estate of said minors by the Hon, Judge of Probate for the County of Washtenaw, on the fifteenth day of August A. D. 1893, there will be sold at Public Vendue, to the highest bidder the premises hereinafter described in the of Chelsea in the County of Washtena n said State, on Saturday the seventh day of Dotober A. D. 1893 at 2 o'clock in the affernood of that day (subject to all encumbrances nortgage or otherwise existing at the time the said sale) all the right title and interest said minors in and to the following described Real Estate, to-wit

All the undivided one half of all that certain iece or parcel of land situated in the Villageo County of Washtenaw Michigan, known and Commencing at the Northto-wit: west corner of Lot Number forty-five (45) of Block Number three (3) according to the plat of said villageof Chelsea and running theat outh along the West line of said lot to the outh-west corner of said lot forty-five (4) hence East parallel with the North line of said lot twenty-three (23) feet thence North paralle with West line of said lot to the North end o said lot thence West along North line of said lot twenty-three (23) feet to the place of

you grasp the situation, and ac il directly find yourself in a mo

The Spaniard, however courteous h

may be, never invites a guest to dinner; in

Italy, too, the privacy of the family is

you can surely make a

begining. Dated, Chelsea August 24, 1893. MATTHIAS SCHWIKERATH. Guardian of said Minors.

ing new when we state that it pays to en nanent, most healthy and pleasant i ness, that returns a profit for every day's work. Such is the business we offer the working class. We teach them how to make money rai

